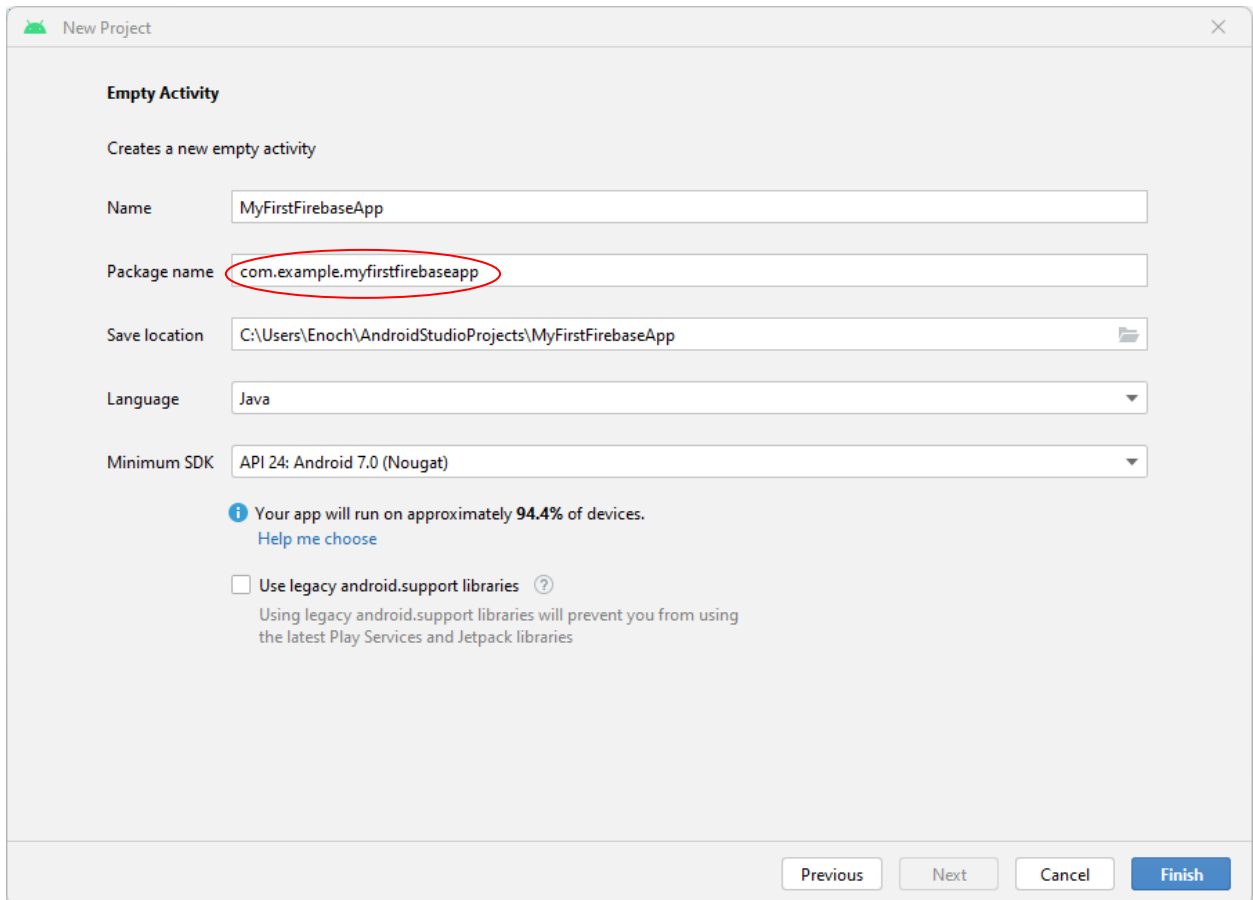


Push Notification

This document shows how to send push notification to an Android device using Google's Firebase Cloud Messaging (FCM) service.

Android Studio

- 1) Create a new Empty project in Android Studio and name it MyFirstFirebaseApp. Note the Package name which is all in lowercase letters; it will be used in Step.



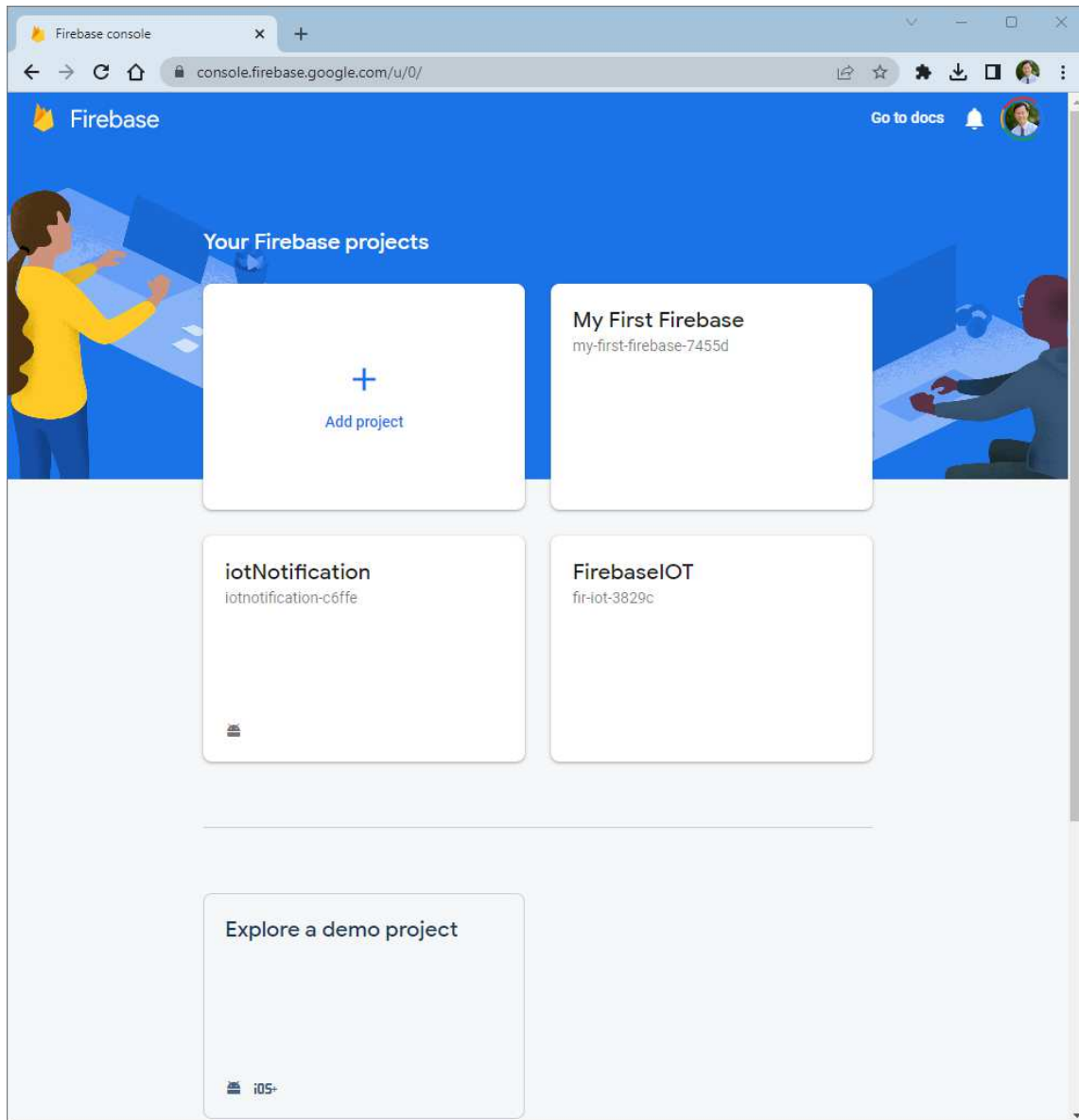
The screenshot shows the 'New Project' dialog in Android Studio. The dialog is titled 'New Project' and has a close button in the top right corner. It contains the following fields and options:

- Empty Activity**: A section header.
- Creates a new empty activity**: A description.
- Name**: A text field containing 'MyFirstFirebaseApp'.
- Package name**: A text field containing 'com.example.myfirstfirebaseapp', which is circled in red.
- Save location**: A text field containing 'C:\Users\Enoch\AndroidStudioProjects\MyFirstFirebaseApp'.
- Language**: A dropdown menu set to 'Java'.
- Minimum SDK**: A dropdown menu set to 'API 24: Android 7.0 (Nougat)'.
- Information**: A blue 'i' icon followed by the text 'Your app will run on approximately 94.4% of devices.' and a link 'Help me choose'.
- Use legacy android.support libraries**: A checkbox that is unchecked, followed by a question mark icon and the text 'Using legacy android.support libraries will prevent you from using the latest Play Services and Jetpack libraries'.

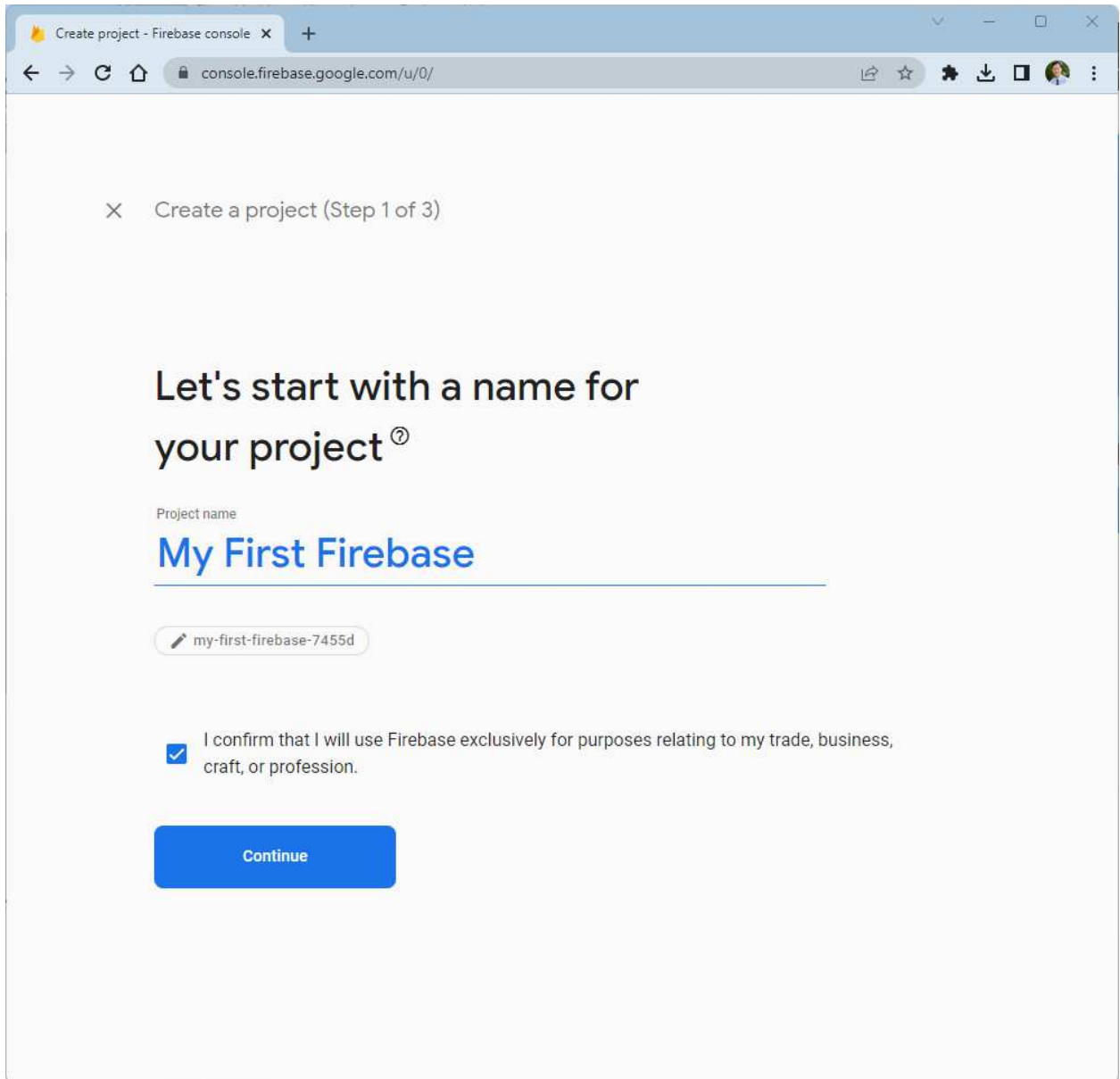
At the bottom of the dialog, there are four buttons: 'Previous', 'Next', 'Cancel', and 'Finish'.

Setting up Firebase for your Android project

- 2) Go to the Firebase console <https://console.firebase.google.com/>. Log in using your Google account.
- 3) Click on **Add project** if you don't already have a project. If you already have a project, then just click on your project button and go to step 7)



- 4) In **Create a project Step 1 of 3**, type in a name for your project. Note that this name is NOT your Android package name so it can be different. Check the confirm box, and then click **Continue**.



× Create a project (Step 1 of 3)

Let's start with a name for your project[?]

Project name

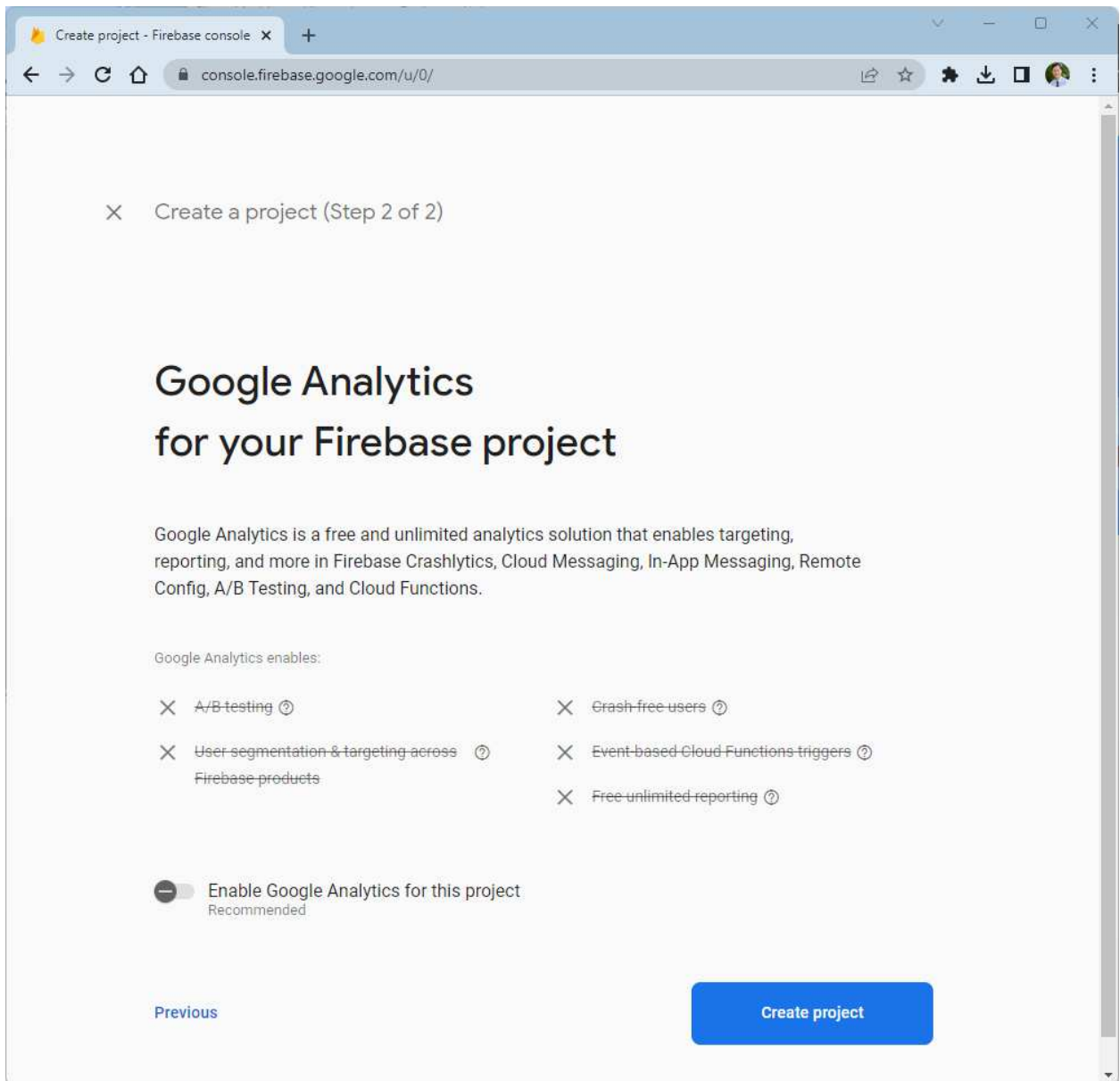
My First Firebase

 my-first-firebase-7455d

☒ I confirm that I will use Firebase exclusively for purposes relating to my trade, business, craft, or profession.

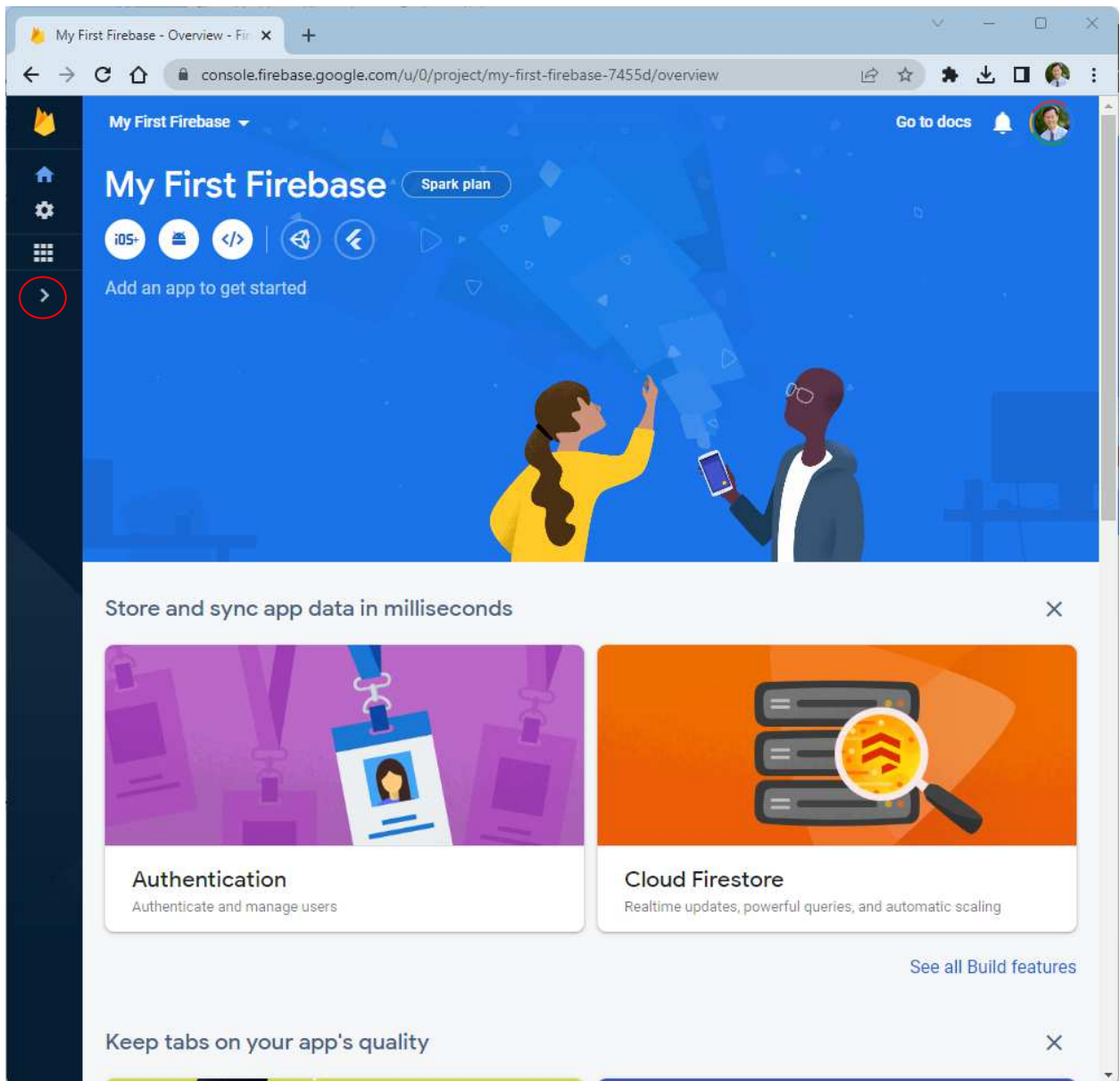
Continue

- 5) In Step 2 of 3, turn off the **Enable Google Analytics for this project**. This will change the Step 2 of 3 to Step 2 of 2. Click **Create project**.

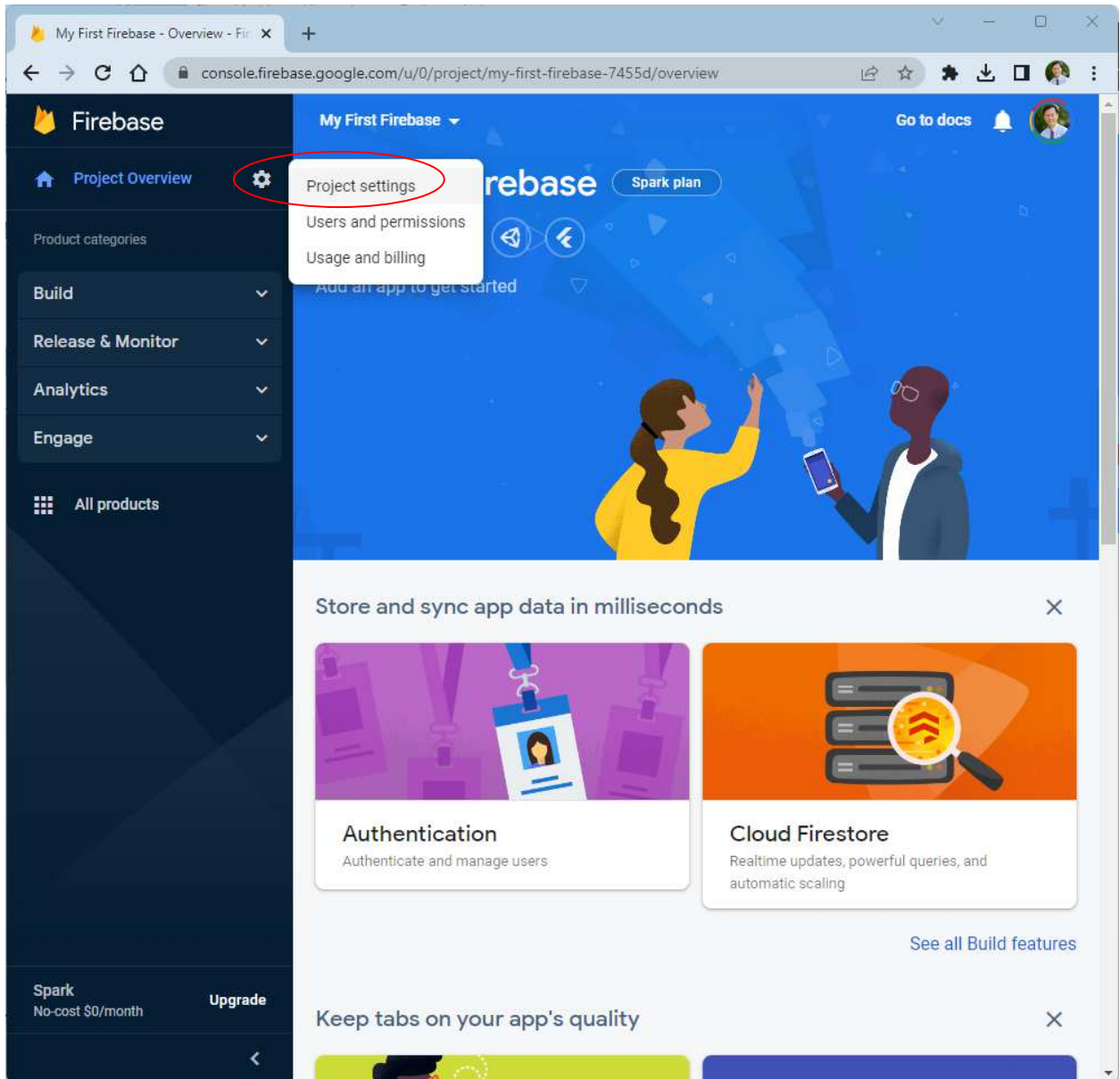


- 6) Wait for it to create the project, then click **Continue** when it says your new project is ready. It will show your project's console page.

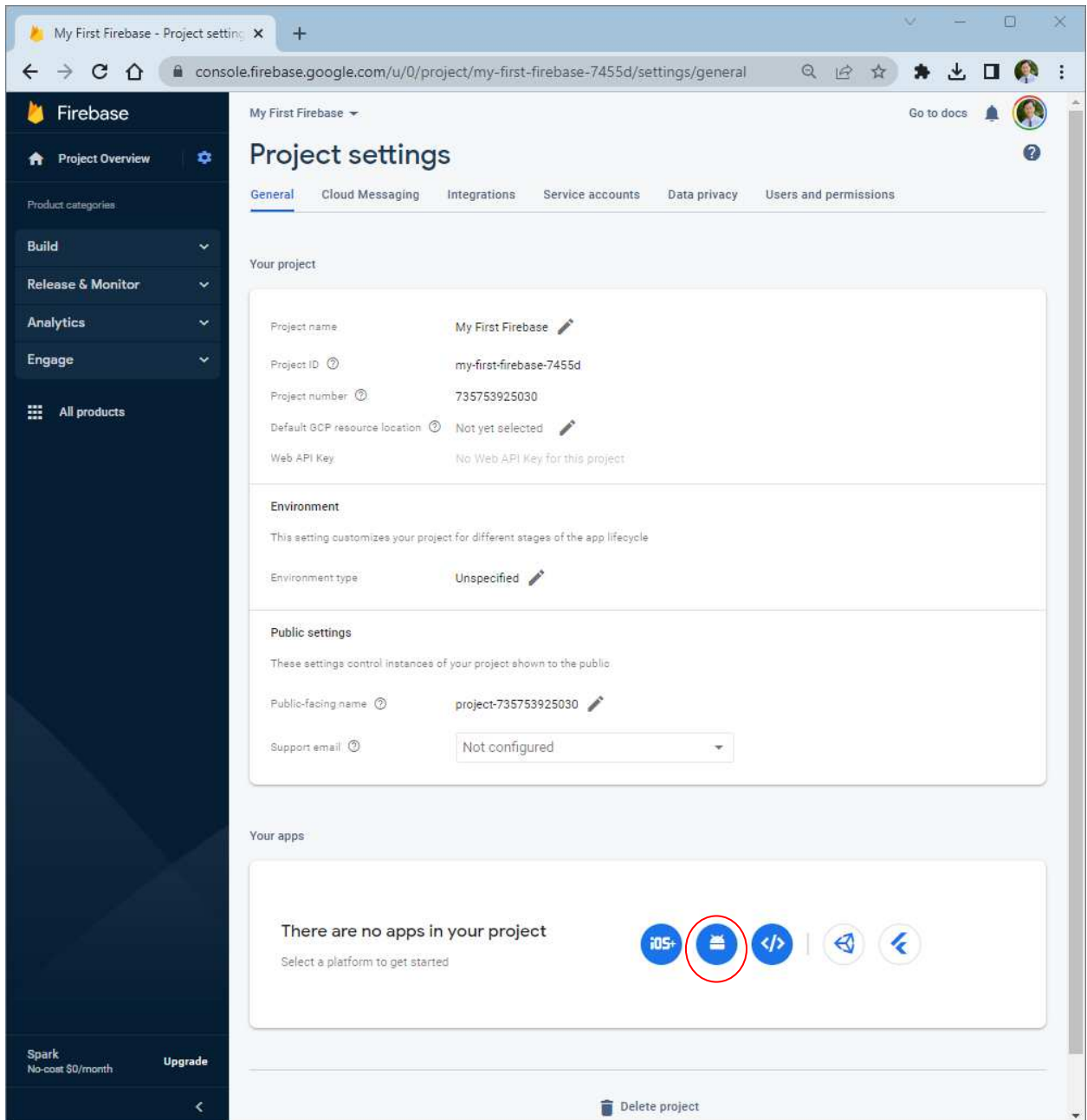
- 7) You can click on the greater-than sign > on the left sidebar to expand the sidebar if it is not already expanded.



8) Click on the **gear** icon next to **Project Overview** in the sidebar and then click on **Project settings**.



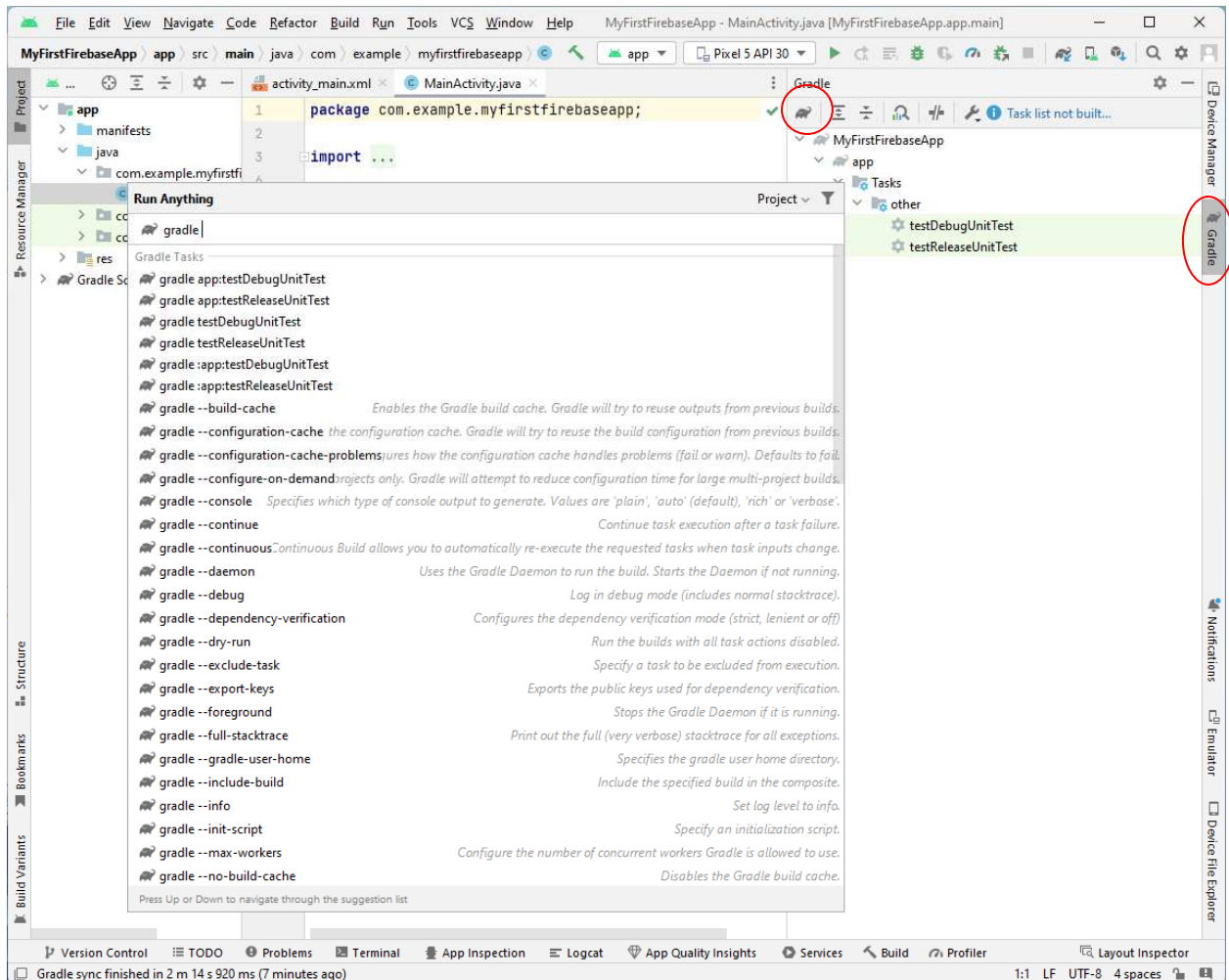
- 9) On the Project settings page, select the **General** tab. At the bottom of the page it'll say there are no apps in your project if this is the first time you come here. You need to add an app by clicking on the platform that you want to work with. Click on the **Android icon** platform. If you have already added an app then you will see that app listed as shown in the figure in step 21) and you can continue with step 21).



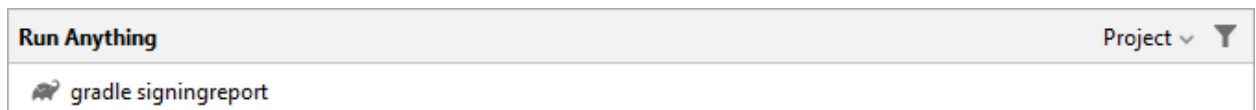
- 10) Go through the steps in the **Add Firebase to your Android app** window. In Step 1 **Register app**, type in your Android package name, all in lowercase. Make sure that this name matches exactly the one that you used in Step 1) when you created your Android project in Android Studio.

[illegible]

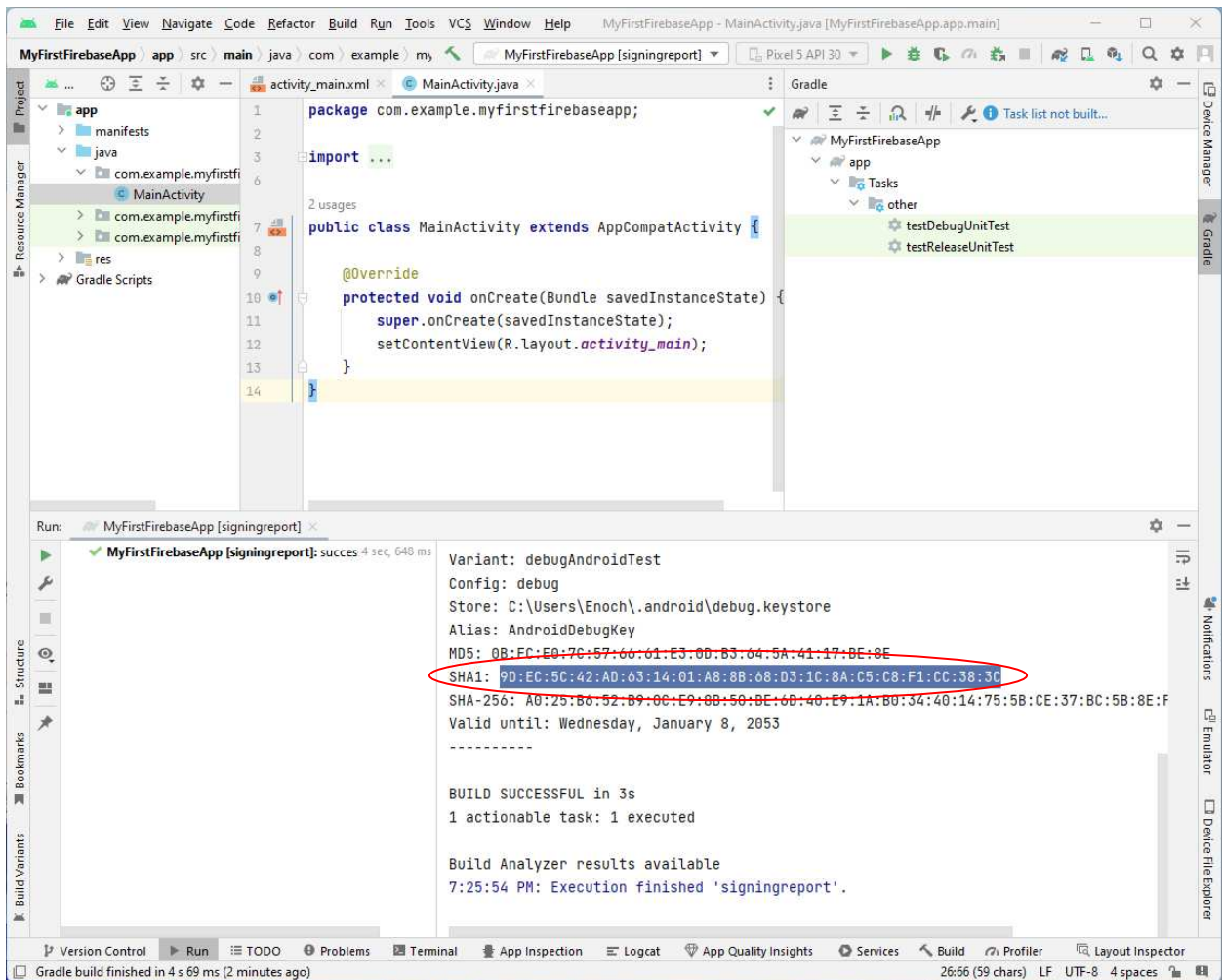
- 11) (Optional step) To get the **Debug signing certificate SHA-1**, go to your Android Studio project and click on the **Gradle** tab on the right edge of the IDE. Then click on **Execute Gradle Task** button .



In the popup window, type in **signingreport** and press **Enter** to generate the report.



After the report is successfully generated you will see the SHA1 key in the report window. You can copy this key to the Firebase field in Step 10).

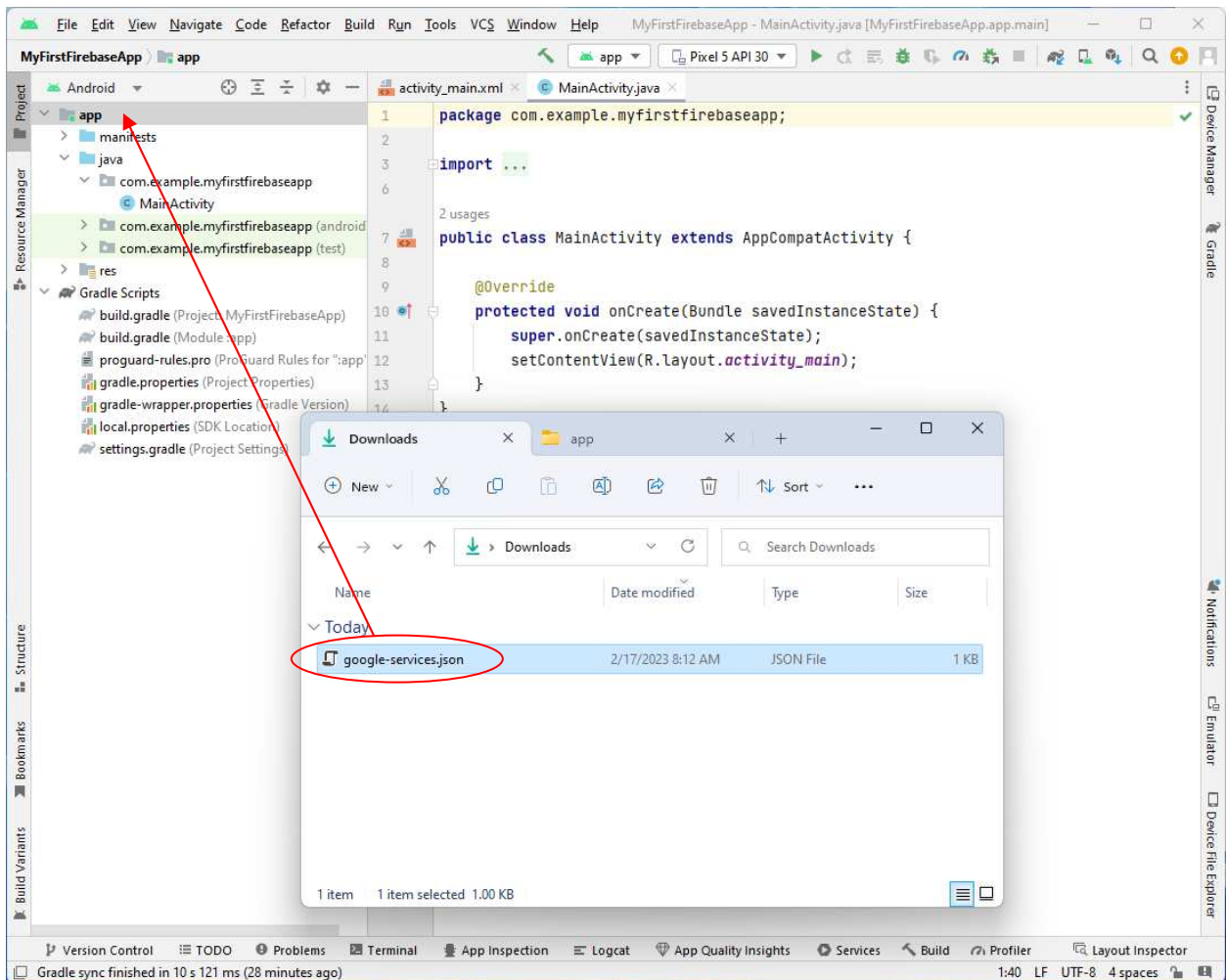


12) Back in the Firebase console, click **Register app** to go to the next step.

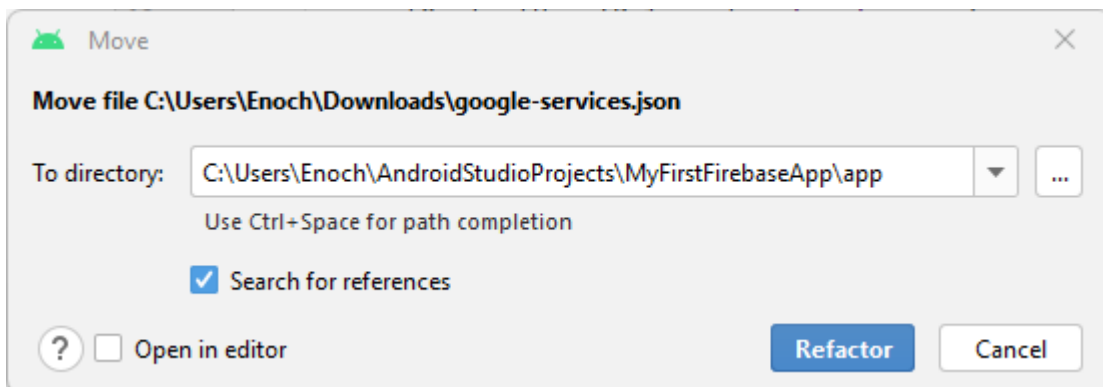
13) In Step 2 **Download and then add config file**, click on the **Download google-services.json** button to get the file.

The screenshot shows the Firebase console interface for 'My First Firebase - Project settings'. The browser address bar shows the URL: `console.firebase.google.com/u/0/project/my-first-firebase-7455d/settings/general/android...`. In the top right corner, there is a 'Go to docs' link circled in red. The main heading is 'Add Firebase to your Android app'. The progress bar shows four steps: 1. Register app (completed), 2. Download and then add config file (current step), 3. Add Firebase SDK, and 4. Next steps. Under step 2, there is a blue button labeled 'Download google-services.json' which is circled in red. Below the button, the text says: 'Switch to the Project view in Android Studio to see your project root directory.' and 'Move your downloaded google-services.json file into your module (app-level) root directory.' Below this text is a file icon labeled 'google-services.json'. To the right, there is a screenshot of the Android Studio 'Project' view. A blue arrow points from the 'Download google-services.json' button to the 'Project' view. Another blue arrow points from the 'google-services.json' file icon to the 'google-services.json' file in the 'app' directory of the 'MyApplication' project. The 'Project' view shows the following structure: `MyApplication` (root) contains `.gradle`, `.idea`, `app`, `build`, `libs`, `src`, `.gitignore`, `app.iml`, `build.gradle`, `google-services.json`, `proguard-rules.pro`, and `gradle`. The 'C++' tab is circled in red in the top right corner of the Android Studio window.

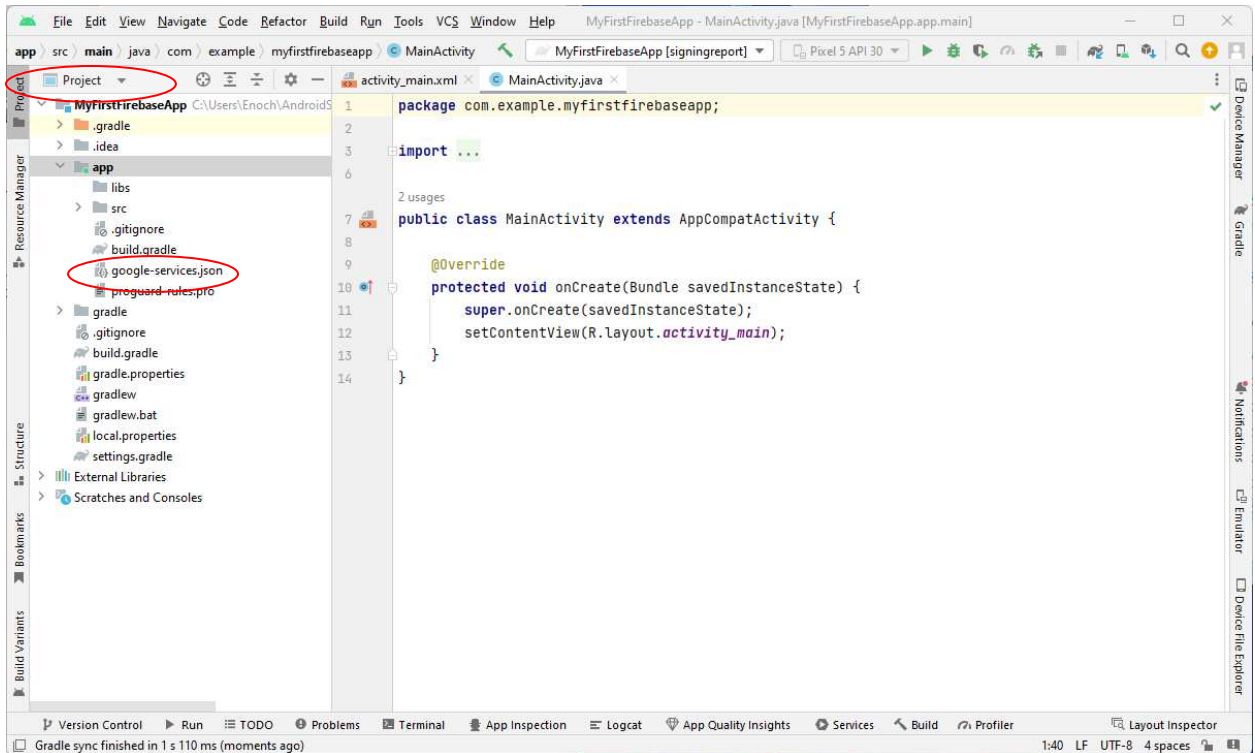
- 14) Back in Android Studio, drag the file **google-services.json** that you have downloaded into the **app** folder in your project.



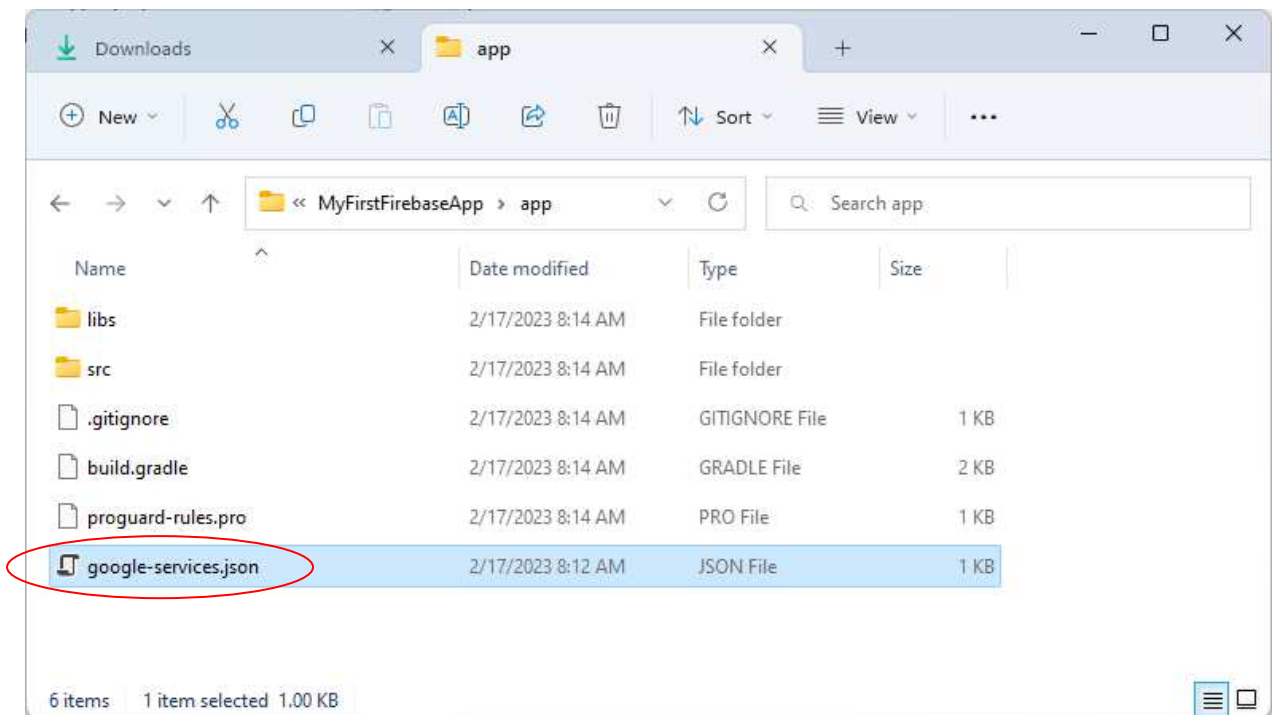
- 15) Click the **Refactor** button.



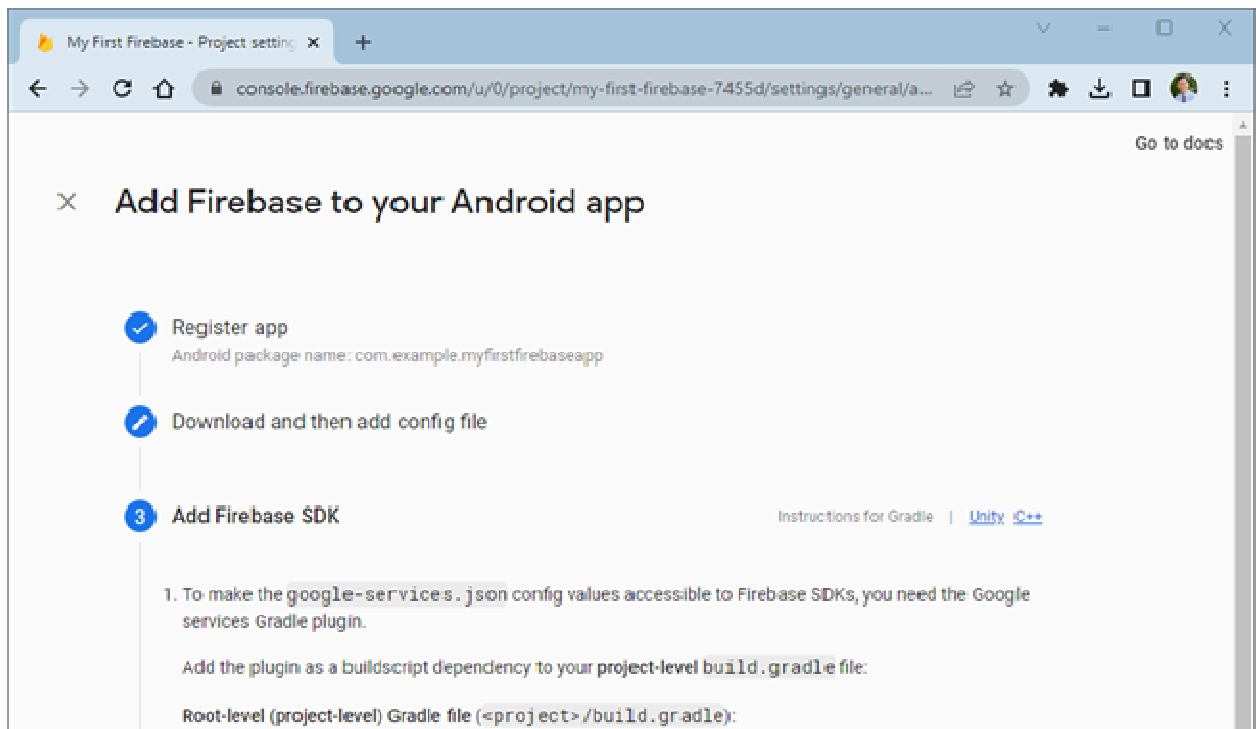
You should see the file **google-services.json** in your project's app directory.



You can also see it here in the File Manager.



- 16) Back in the Firebase console, click **Next** to go to Step 3 and follow the instructions to **Add Firebase SDK** to your Android project.



- 17) For Step 3 Point 1, copy the three lines: `buildscript`, `dependencies`, `classpath` `'com.google.gms:google-services:4.3.15'` and paste it into the **build.gradle (Project)** file before the **plugins** section as shown below.

You need to change the line to follow the format as in the id lines like this

~~id 'com.google.gms:google-services' version '4.3.15' apply false~~



```
buildscript {  
    dependencies {  
        classpath 'com.google.gms:google-services:4.3.15'  
    }  
}  
  
// Top-level build file where you can add configuration options common to  
// all sub-projects/modules.  
plugins {  
    id 'com.android.application' version '7.4.1' apply false  
    id 'com.android.library' version '7.4.1' apply false  
    // id 'com.google.gms:google-services' version '4.3.15' apply false  
}
```

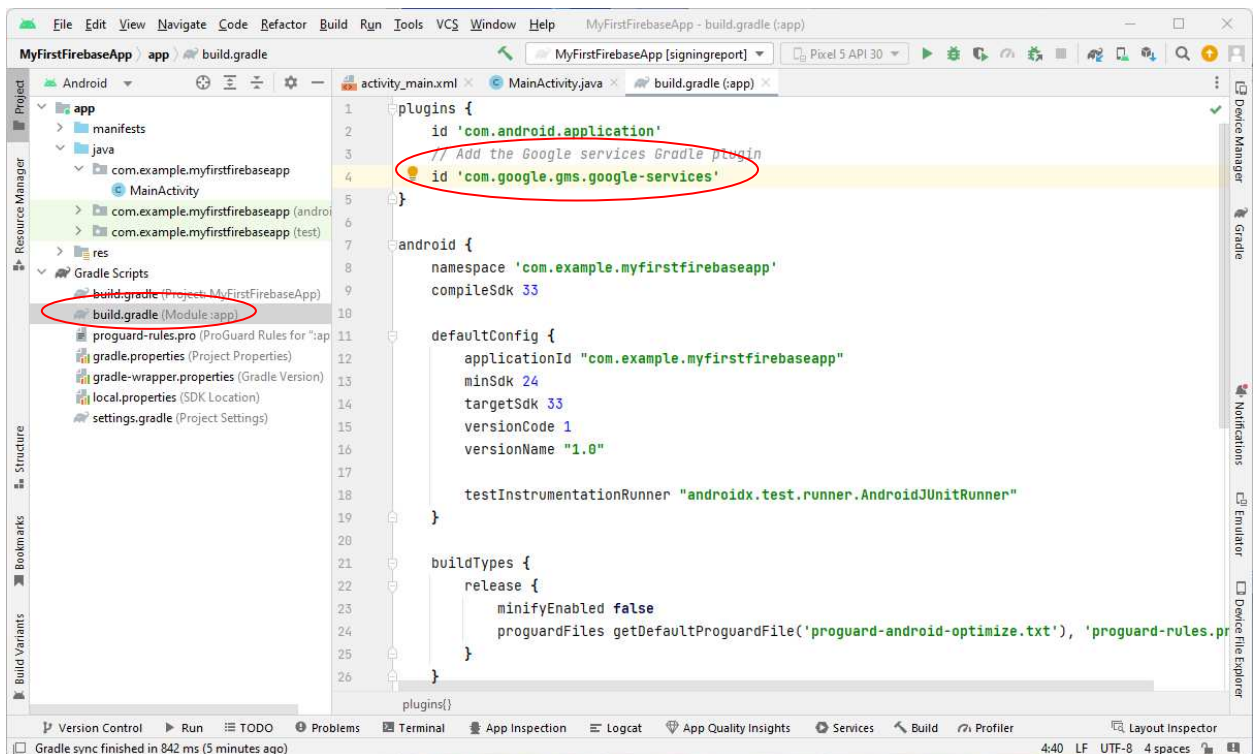
- 18) For Step 3 Point 2, copy the id **'com.google.gms.google-services'** and paste it into the **build.gradle (Module:app)** file under the **plugins** section.

2. Then, in your **module (app-level)** **build.gradle** file, add both the **google-services** plugin and any **Firebase SDKs** that you want to use in your app:

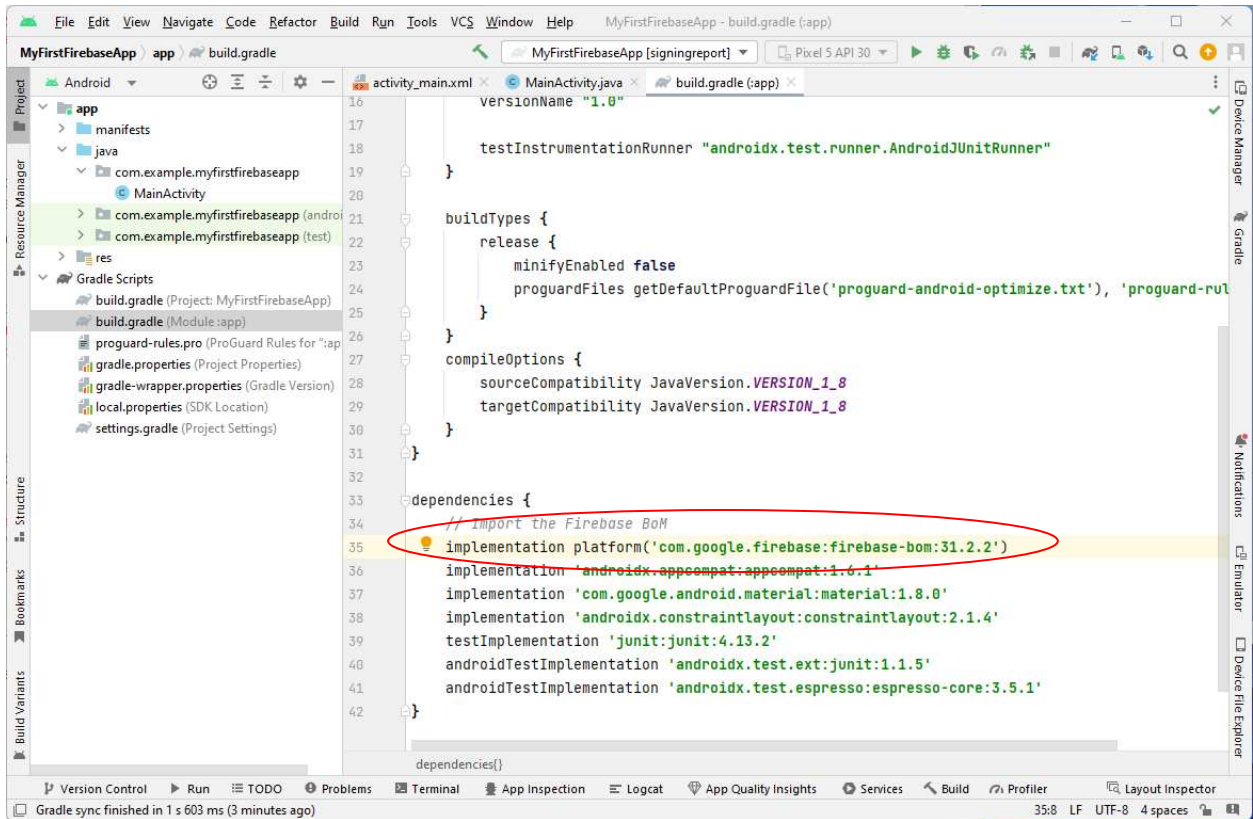
Module (app-level) Gradle file (<project>/<app-module>/build.gradle):

```
plugins {  
    id 'com.android.application'  
    // Add the Google services Gradle plugin  
    id 'com.google.gms.google-services'  
    ...  
}  
  
dependencies {  
    // Import the Firebase BoM  
    implementation platform('com.google.firebase:firebase-bom:31.2.2')  
  
    // TODO: Add the dependencies for Firebase products you want to use  
    // When using the BoM, don't specify versions in Firebase dependencies  
    // https://firebase.google.com/docs/android/setup#available-libraries  
}
```

By using the **Firebase Android BoM**, your app will always use compatible **Firebase library versions**. [Learn more](#)



Also copy the implementation platform('com.google.firebase:firebase-bom:31.2.2') and paste it into **build.gradle (Module:app)** file under the **dependencies** section.



19) For Step 3 Point 3, after adding the above plugin and desired SDKs, click **Sync Now** to sync your Android project with Gradle files. If the sync is successful then you can click on **Next** and you're done.

20) Step 4, click on **Continue to console** to return to the Project console.

- 21) In the Firebase **Project settings** page you will see your app listed. You can click on the **See SDK instructions** button to go through the steps again or click on the **download google-services.json** file.

The screenshot shows the Firebase Project settings page for a project named "My First Firebase". The page is divided into several sections:

- Project Overview:** A sidebar on the left with links to Build, Release & Monitor, Analytics, and Engage.
- Project settings:** The main content area with tabs for General, Cloud Messaging, Integrations, Service accounts, Data privacy, and Users and permissions.
- Your project:** A section containing project details:
 - Project name: My First Firebase
 - Project ID: my-first-firebase-7455d
 - Project number: 735753925030
 - Default GCP resource location: Not yet selected
 - Web API Key: No Web API Key for this project
- Environment:** A section for customizing the project for different stages of the app lifecycle.
 - Environment type: Unspecified
- Public settings:** A section for controlling instances of the project shown to the public.
 - Public-facing name: project-735753925030
 - Support email: Not configured
- Your apps:** A section for managing apps, including an "Add app" button and a table of existing apps.

Android apps	SDK setup and configuration
 com.example.myfirstfirebase	Need to reconfigure the Firebase SDKs for your app? Revisit the SDK setup instructions or just download the configuration file containing keys and identifiers for your app. See SDK instructions google-services.json App ID: 1:735753925030:android:8c3f4fb4a4f24c836b1f67 App nickname: Add a nickname

Android Studio project

22) build.gradle (Project) file.

Add the **buildscript** section.

```
buildscript {
    dependencies {
        classpath 'com.google.gms:google-services:4.3.15'
    }
}
// Top-level build file where you can add configuration options common to
// all sub-projects/modules.
plugins {
    id 'com.android.application' version '7.4.1' apply false
    id 'com.android.library' version '7.4.1' apply false
}
```

23) build.gradle (App) file.

Add the following three lines:

in plugins

```
id 'com.google.gms.google-services'
```

in dependencies:

```
implementation platform('com.google.firebase:firebase-
bom:31.2.2')
```

```
implementation 'com.google.firebase:firebase-messaging:23.1.1'
```

```
plugins {
    id 'com.android.application'
    id 'com.google.gms.google-services'
}

android {
    namespace 'com.example.myfirstfirebaseapp'
    compileSdk 33

    defaultConfig {
        applicationId "com.example.myfirstfirebaseapp"
        minSdk 24
        targetSdk 33
        versionCode 1
        versionName "1.0"

        testInstrumentationRunner
```

```

"androidx.test.runner.AndroidJUnitRunner"
    }

    buildTypes {
        release {
            minifyEnabled false
            proguardFiles getDefaultProguardFile('proguard-android-
optimize.txt'), 'proguard-rules.pro'
        }
    }
    compileOptions {
        sourceCompatibility JavaVersion.VERSION_1_8
        targetCompatibility JavaVersion.VERSION_1_8
    }
}

dependencies {
    implementation platform('com.google.firebase:firebase-
bom:31.2.2')
    implementation 'androidx.appcompat:appcompat:1.6.1'
    implementation 'com.google.android.material:material:1.8.0'
    implementation 'androidx.constraintlayout:constraintlayout:2.1.4'
    implementation 'com.google.firebase:firebase-
messaging:23.1.1'
    testImplementation 'junit:junit:4.13.2'
    androidTestImplementation 'androidx.test.ext:junit:1.1.5'
    androidTestImplementation 'androidx.test.espresso:espresso-core:3.5.1'
}

```

24) AndroidManifest.xml

Add the <service section

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools">

    <application
        android:allowBackup="true"
        android:dataExtractionRules="@xml/data_extraction_rules"
        android:fullBackupContent="@xml/backup_rules"
        android:icon="@mipmap/ic_launcher"
        android:label="@string/app_name"
        android:supportRtl="true"
        android:theme="@style/Theme.MyFirstFirebaseApp"
        tools:targetApi="31">
        <activity
            android:name=".MainActivity"
            android:exported="true">
            <intent-filter>
                <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" />
                <category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER"
            />
            </intent-filter>
        </activity>
    </application>
</manifest>

```

```
        <service
            android:name=".MyFirebaseMessagingService"
            android:stopWithTask="false"
            android:exported="true">
            <intent-filter>
                <action
                    android:name="com.google.firebase.MESSAGING_EVENT" />
            </intent-filter>
        </service>

    </application>

</manifest>
```

25) MyFirebaseMessagingService.java

Add a new class java file named **MyFirebaseMessagingService** with the following code.

```
package com.example.myfirstfirebaseapp;

import android.util.Log;
import androidx.annotation.NonNull;
import com.google.firebase.messaging.FirebaseMessagingService;
import com.google.firebase.messaging.RemoteMessage;
import java.util.Objects;

public class MyFirebaseMessagingService extends FirebaseMessagingService {

    // this method is called when app is first ran after install
    @Override
    public void onNewToken(@NonNull String token) {
        Log.d("MyTag", "New token: "+token);
    }

    // this method is called when app is in the foreground when a
    notification arrives
    @Override
    public void onMessageReceived(@NonNull RemoteMessage remoteMessage) {
        Log.d("MyTag", "Received message \n Title: "+
Objects.requireNonNull(remoteMessage.getNotification()).getTitle()+"\n
Body: "+remoteMessage.getNotification().getBody());
    }
}
```

26) MainActivity.java

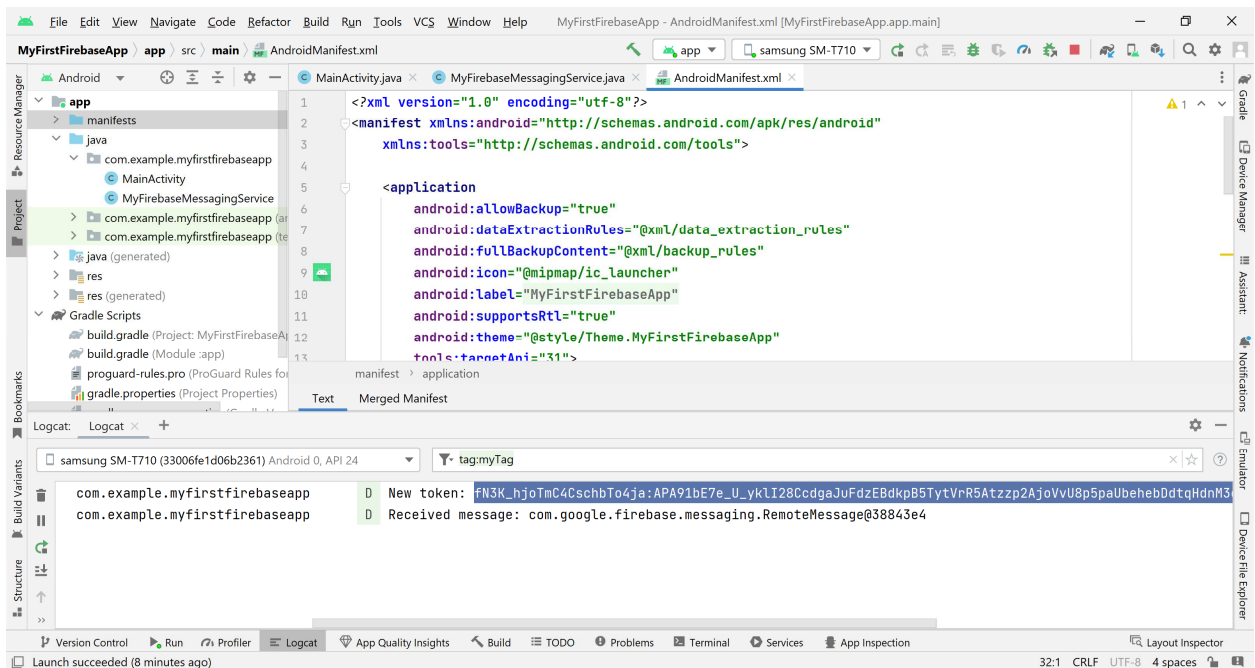
```
package com.example.myfirstfirebaseapp;

import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.os.Bundle;

public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {

    @Override
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
        FirebaseMessaging.getInstance().subscribeToTopic("alarms"); //
subscribe to topic "alarms"
    }
}
```

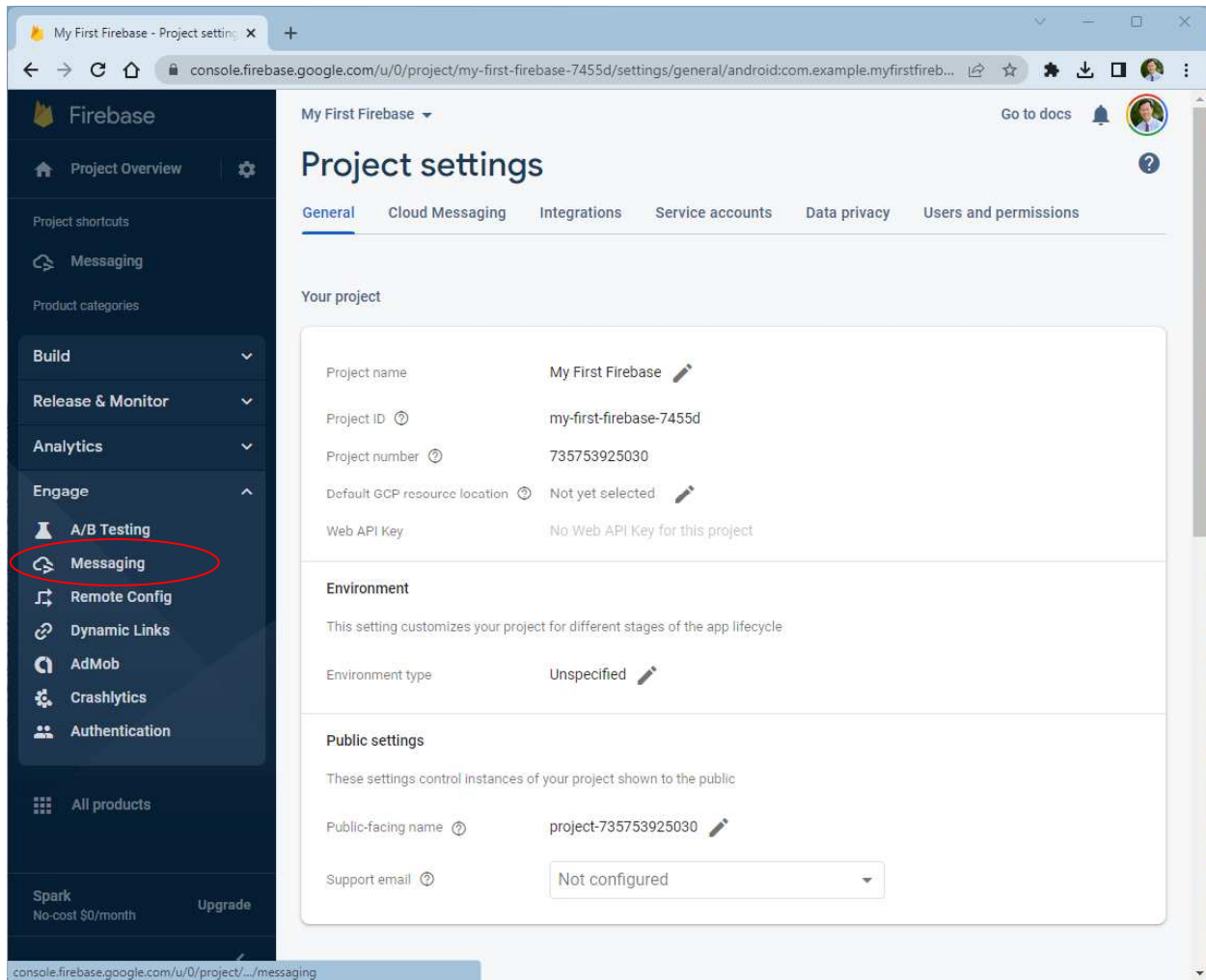
27) Run the app on a device and look at the log. It will print out the new token. Copy the entire token string. It is very long.



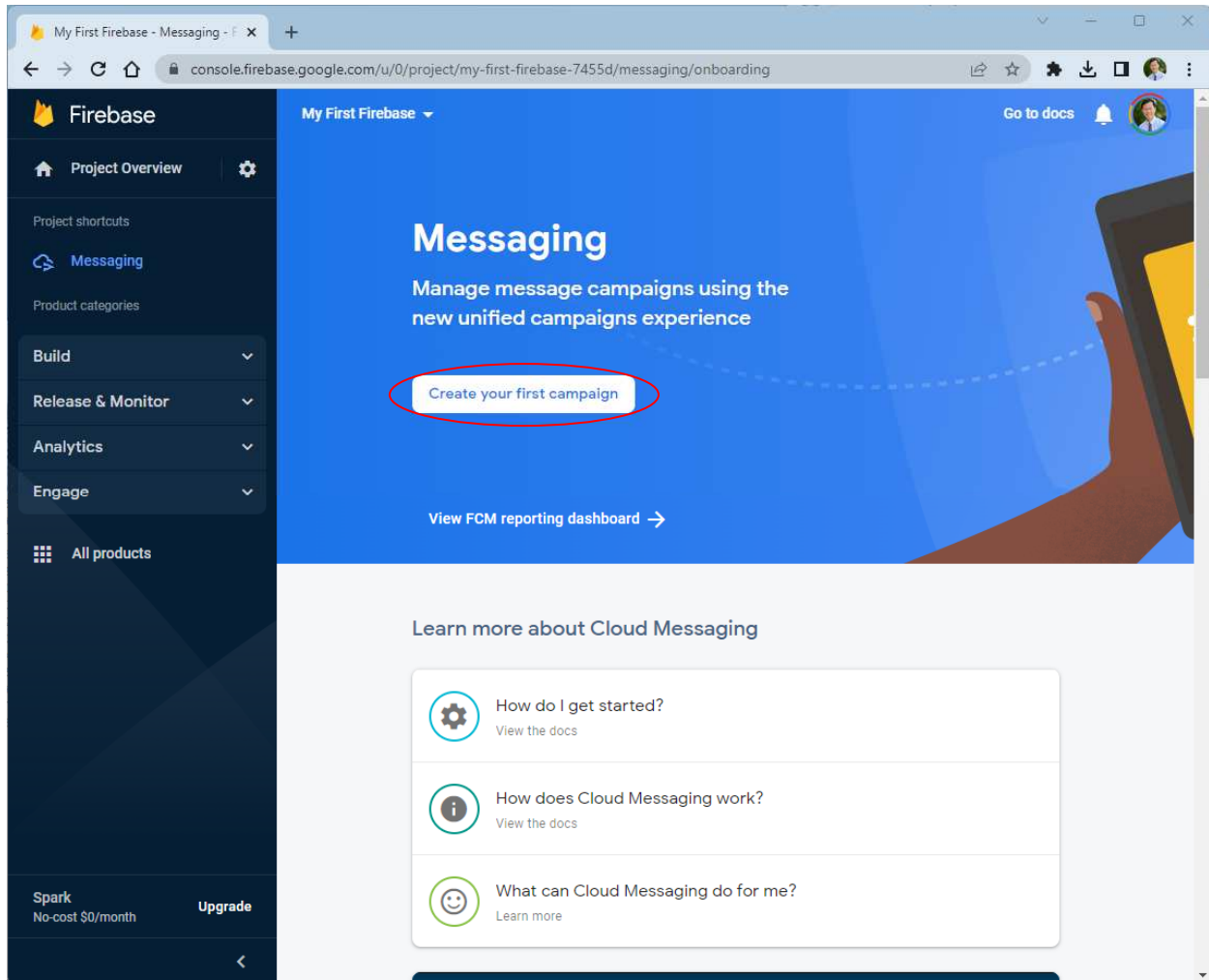
28) Put the app to the background. THIS IS VERY IMPORTANT!

Firestore Console

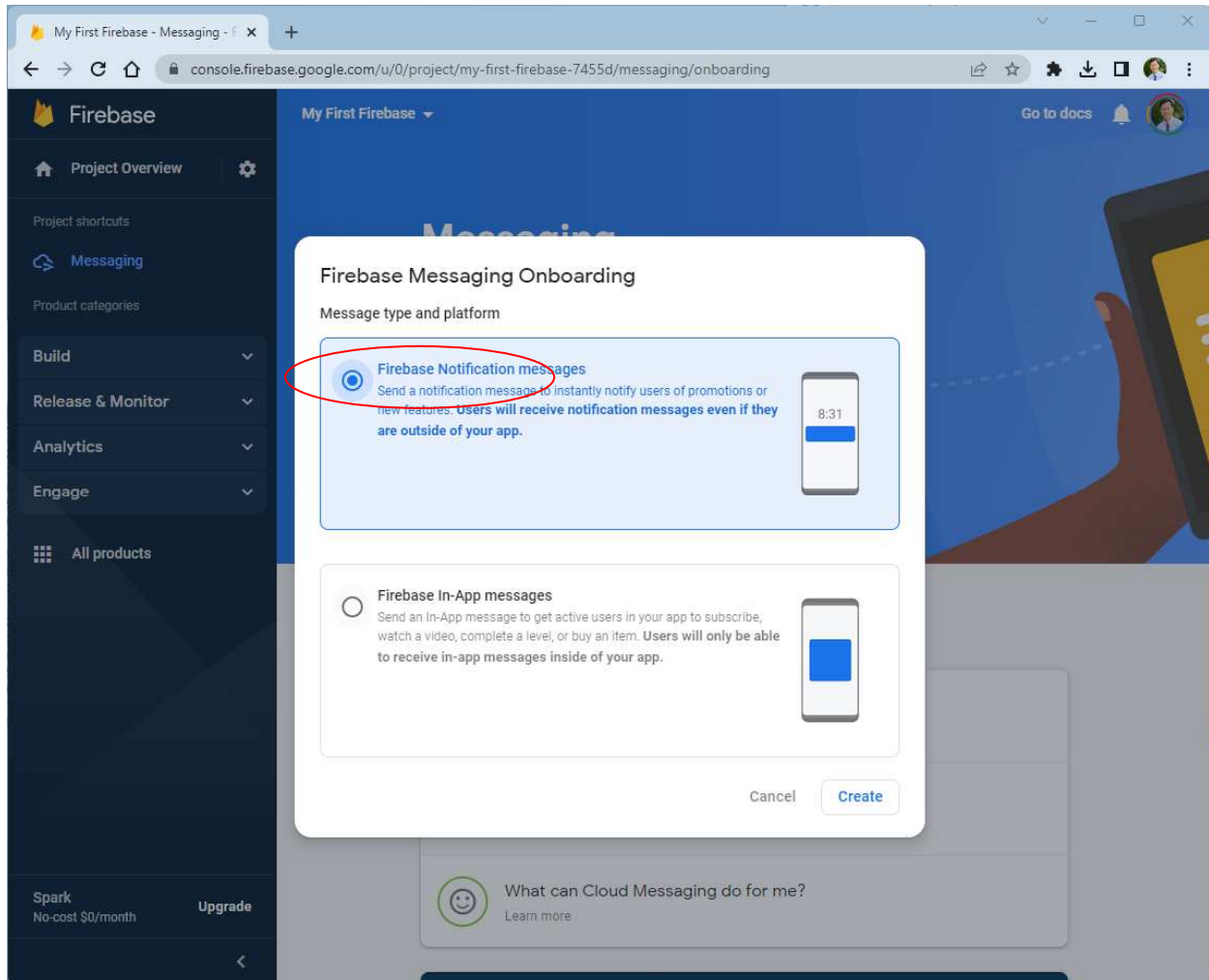
29) Make sure that you are in the correct project. Click on **Messaging** on the sidebar.



30) Click on **Create your first campaign**.



31) Select **Firestore Notification messages**, and click **Create**.



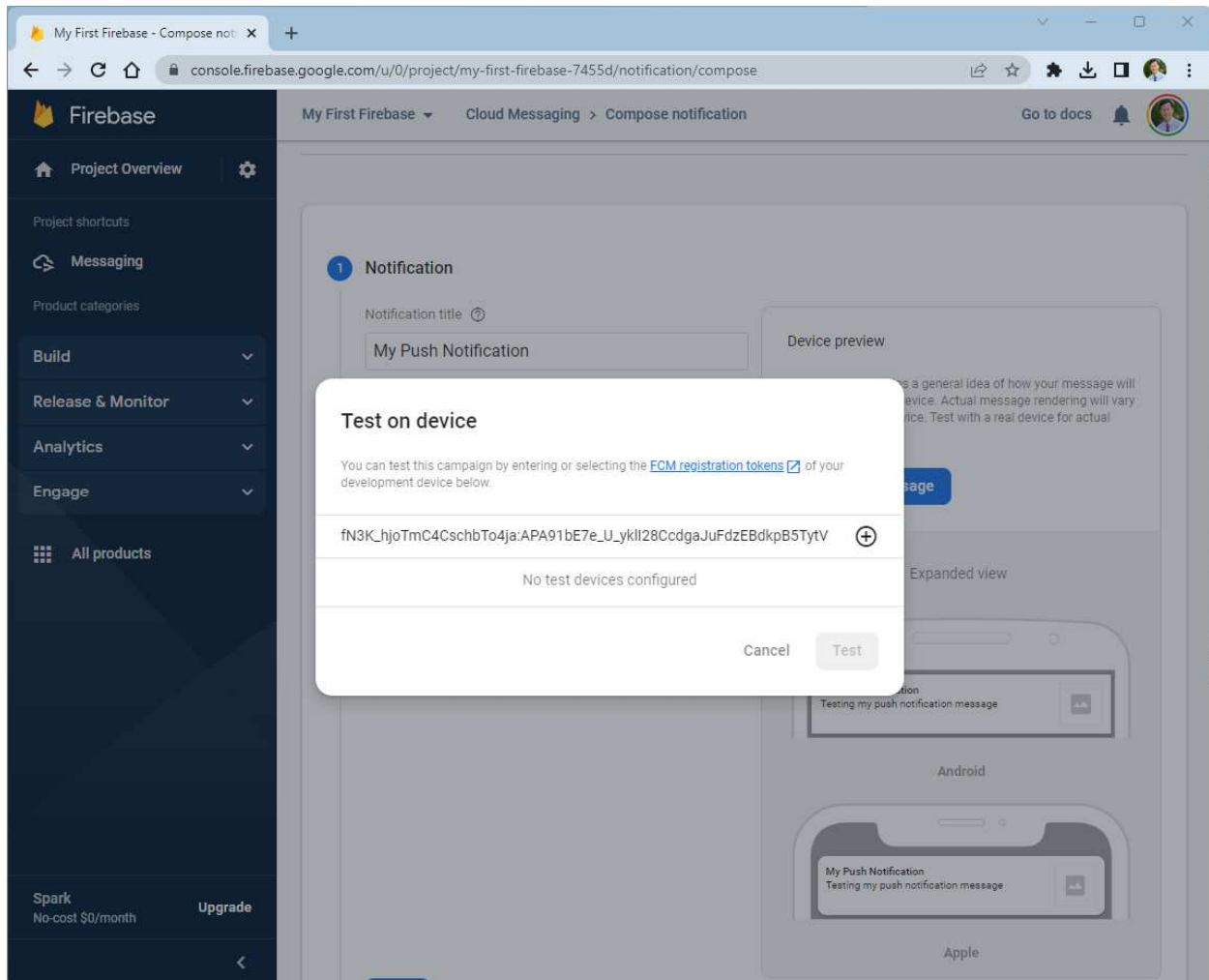
32) Type in the notification title and text, then click the **Send test message** button.

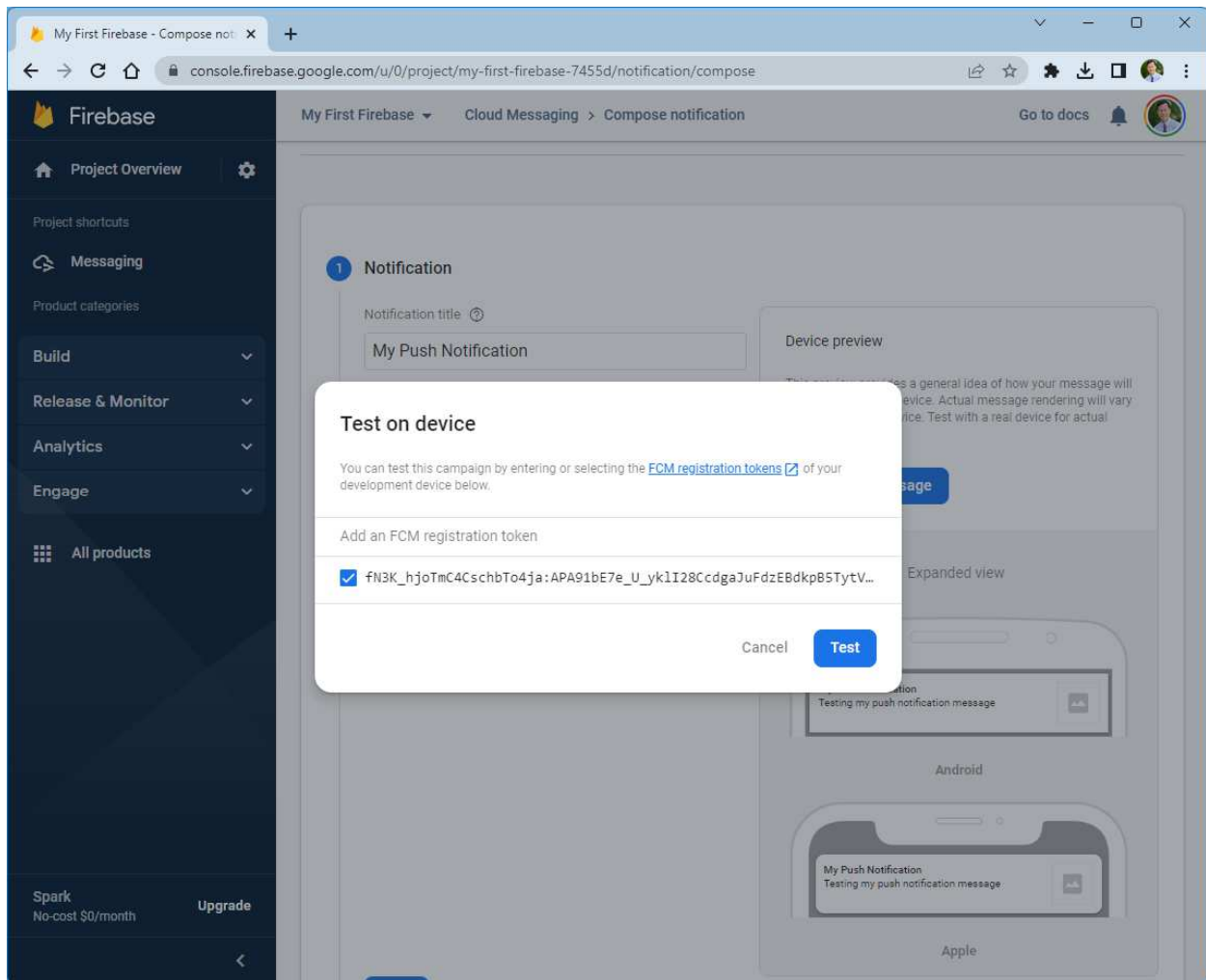
The screenshot shows the Firebase console's 'Compose notification' page. The left sidebar contains the Firebase logo and navigation links: Project Overview, Messaging, and Product categories (Build, Release & Monitor, Analytics, Engage). The main content area is titled 'My First Firebase > Cloud Messaging > Compose notification'. It features a 'Notification' section with input fields for 'Notification title' (My Push Notification), 'Notification text' (Testing my push notification message), 'Notification image (optional)' (Example: https://yourapp.com/image.png), and 'Notification name (optional)' (Enter optional name). A blue 'Send test message' button is highlighted with a red circle. To the right, a 'Device preview' section shows how the notification will appear on a mobile device, with tabs for 'Initial state' and 'Expanded view'. The preview shows the notification on both Android and Apple devices.

33) In the **Test on device** popup window, paste the token string that you copied from the Android Studio run log in step 26).

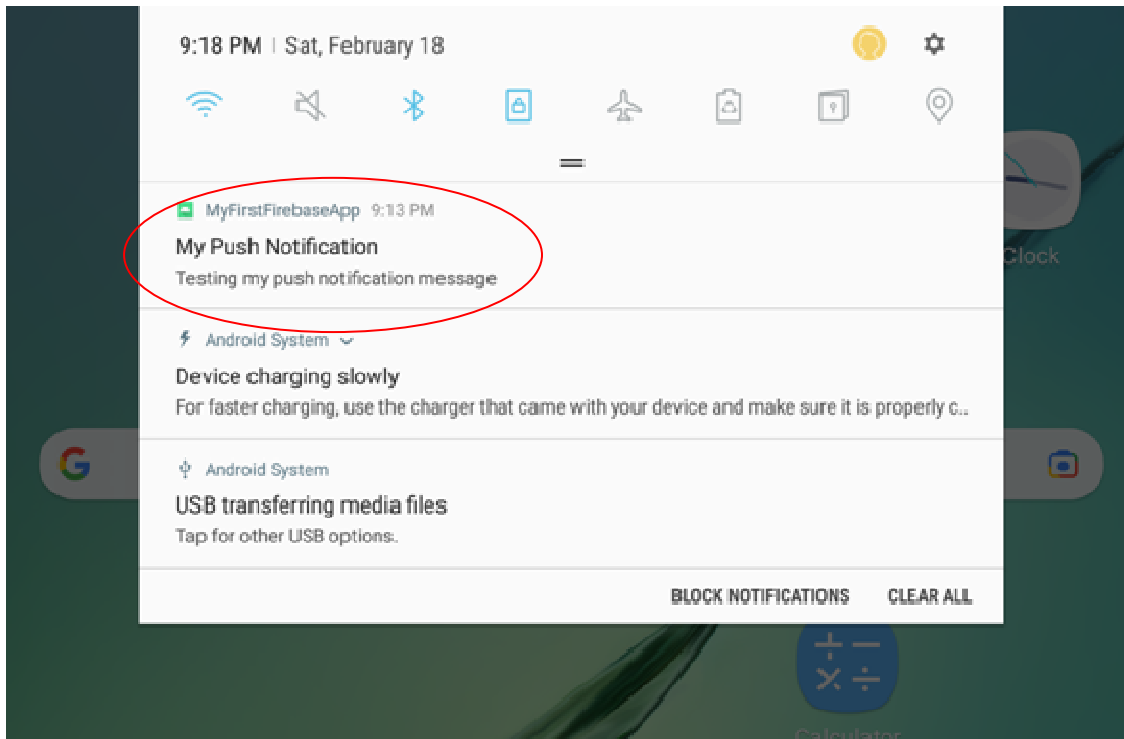
Click the **+** sign.

Click the **Test** button.

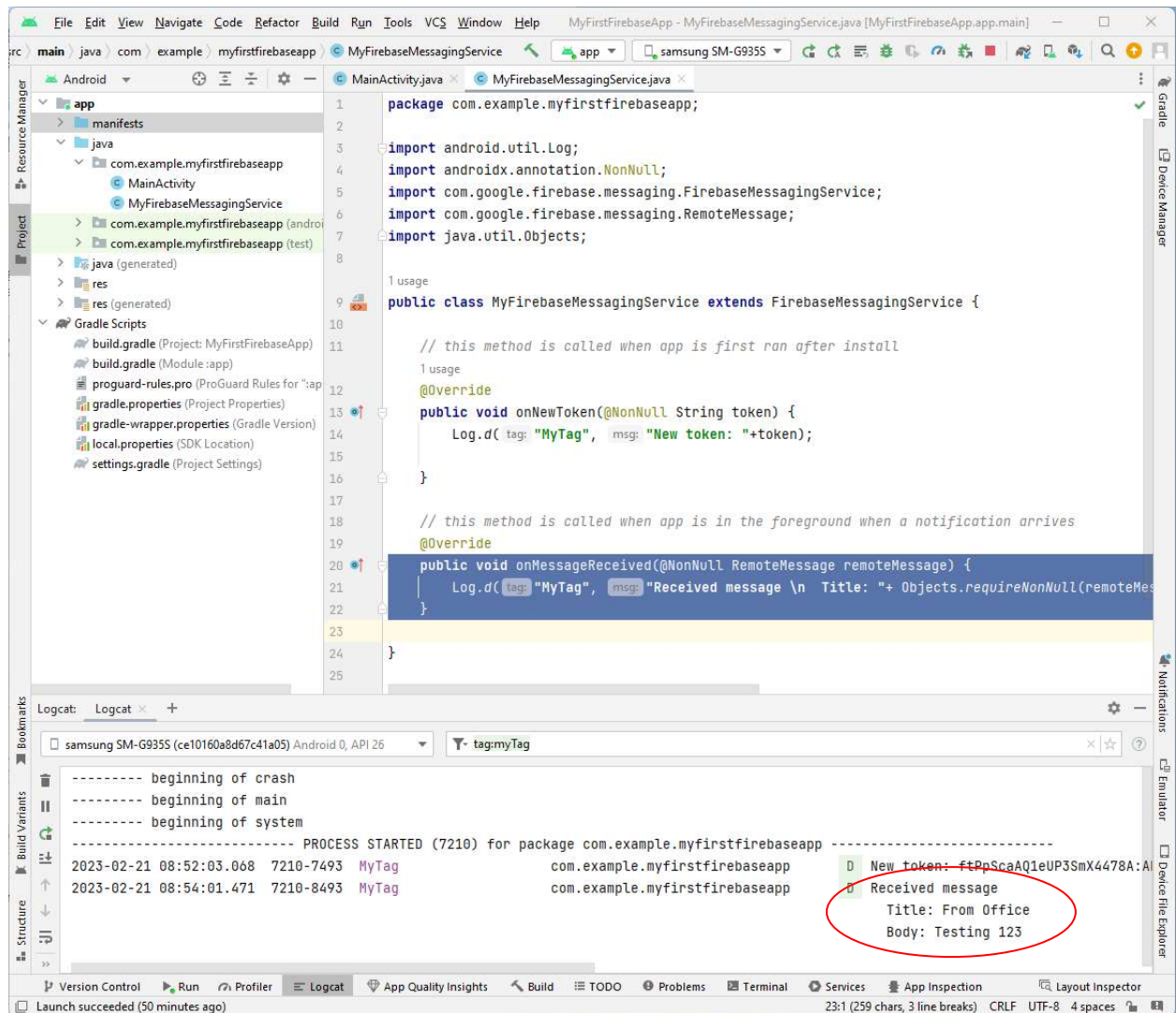




34) After a few seconds you should see the notification message on your device. Your app MUST be in the background to get this notification.



If your app is running in the foreground and your device is connected to Android Studio then you will see the log message from the onMessageReceived method.

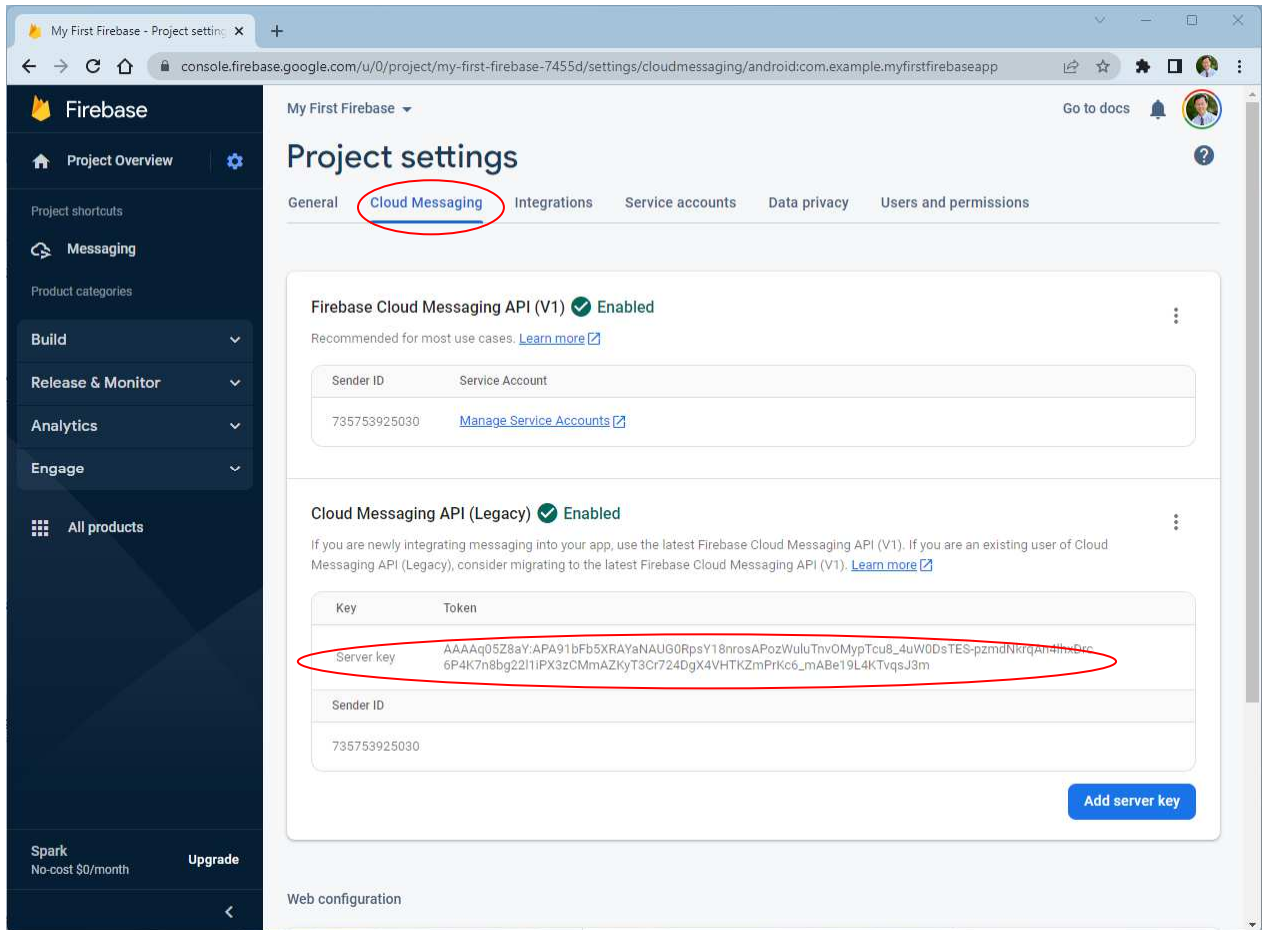


- 35) From Step 32) if instead of doing the **Send test message** but continue with Points 2 and 3, then it will take about a minute for the notification to arrive.

Sending Push Notification from PHP

<https://www.w3schools.in/php/examples/send-push-notification-using-fcm>

36) Get the server key from **Firebase Console -> Project Settings -> Cloud Messaging -> Server key**



37) Get the token from running the client app on the mobile device from Step 26). This is shown only from running the app for the first time after installation.

38) Create the following **push_notification.php** file. Change the `$server_key` and `$token` to match your setup. Don't need the `$token` if using topics.

and upload it to your Ubuntu server.

```
<?php
// Reference: https://firebase.google.com/docs/cloud-messaging/http-server-ref
```

```
// https://firebase.google.com/docs/cloud-messaging/js/first-
message#send_a_notification_message
// https://www.w3schools.in/php/examples/send-push-notification-using-fcm

//grab information from HTML
$title = $_POST['title'];
$message = $_POST['message'];
//$title = $_GET['title'];
//$message = $_GET['message'];

// Get the server key from the Firebase Console -> Project Settings -> CLOUD
MESSAGING -> Server key
// https://console.firebase.google.com/u/0/project/iotnotification-
c6ffe/settings/cloudmessaging/android:com.mygadgets2.iotalarm

// My server key for MyFirstFirebase project on Firebase
$server_key =
"AAAAq05Z8aY:APA91bFb5XRAYaNAUG0RpsY18nrosAPozWuluTnvOMypTcu8_4uW0DsTES-
pzmdNkrqAn4lhxDrc6P4K7n8bg22L1iPX3zCMmAZKyT3Cr724DgX4VHTKZmPrKc6_mABe19L4KTvqsJ3m";

// Do not need to use tokens anymore 2023/03/05
// Using subscription to topics instead// unique token for mobile device
// change this for the mobile device you want to send message to
// get this from running the app on the mobile device

$token =
"fN3K_hjoTmC4CschbTo4ja:APA91bE7e_U_yklI28CcdgaJuFdzeBdkpB5TyTVrR5Atzzp2AjoVvU8p5paU
behebDdtqHdnM3ougFiW9yA8cIQyEgyoNNBfb5uEGqcp0YrtsiRMvDxt-8Gq-VitCt26JMGLNld4F4vh";

sendPushNotification($title, $message, $token, $server_key);

////////////////////////////////////
function sendPushNotification($title, $message, $token, $server_key) {

    echo "Sending\r\n<br>";
    echo " Title      = ".$title . "\r\n<br>";
    echo " Message     = ".$message . "\r\n<br>";
    echo " Token       = ".$token . "\r\n<br>";
    echo " Server key  = ".$server_key . "\r\n<br>";

    //Firebase HTTP API URL
    $path_to_fcm = 'https://fcm.googleapis.com/fcm/send';

    $fields = array(
        // 'to' => $token, // send to one device with this token id
        'to' => '/topics/alarms', // send to all subscribed to the topic
        "alarms"
        // 'notification' => array ('title'=>$title,'body'=>$message), // for
        sending notification payload
        'data' => array('title' => $title, 'body' => $message),
        // for sending data payload
    );
}
```

```

        'android_channel_id' => 'Alarm default channel', // need to
match in pushNotification method in MyFirebaseMessagingService.java file
        'priority' => 'high'
    );

    $headers = array(
        'Authorization:key=.'.$server_key,
        'Content-Type:application/json'
    );

    $payload = json_encode($fields);
    $curl_session = curl_init();
    // need to install php-curl package if you do not see the following echo
message
    echo "after curl init\r\n<br>";
    curl_setopt($curl_session, CURLOPT_URL, $path_to_fcm);
    curl_setopt($curl_session, CURLOPT_POST, true);
    curl_setopt($curl_session, CURLOPT_HTTPHEADER, $headers);
    curl_setopt($curl_session, CURLOPT_RETURNTRANSFER, true);
    curl_setopt($curl_session, CURLOPT_SSL_VERIFYHOST, 0);
    curl_setopt($curl_session, CURLOPT_SSL_VERIFYPEER, false);
    curl_setopt($curl_session, CURLOPT_IPRESOLVE, CURL_IPRESOLVE_V4);
    curl_setopt($curl_session, CURLOPT_POSTFIELDS, $payload);

    $result = curl_exec($curl_session);
    if ($result == FALSE) {
        die('FCM Send Error: '.curl_error($curl_session));
    }
    curl_close($curl_session);
    echo "\r\n<br> curl send successful \r\n<br>";
} // end of function
?>

```

39) If you don't see the "after curl init" message from the echo then you need to install the php-curl package.

```

$curl_session = curl_init();
echo "after curl init";

```

To install php-curl. The version number in php7.4-curl might be different.

```

sudo apt update
sudo apt install php7.4-curl
sudo phpenmod curl
sudo systemctl restart apache2.service

```

40) Here's the webpage to test the push_notificaiton.php send.

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>Send Notifications</h2>

```

```
<p>Clicking on submit will execute the push_notification.php file
<br>
<form action="push_notification.php" method="POST">
  Title:<br>
  <input type="text" name="title">
  <br>
  Message:<br>
  <input type="text" name="message">
  <br><br>
  <input type="submit" value="Submit">
</form>

</body>
</html>
```

- 41) After a few seconds you should see the notification message on your device. Your app MUST be in the background to get this notification.

Advanced Complete Receiver Code

This push notification receiver code will receive the notification when the app is in background or foreground. The Firebase payload in the push_notification.php code must send a data message and not a notification message for this to work.

42) Push_notification.php

```
<?php
// Reference: https://firebase.google.com/docs/cloud-messaging/http-server-ref
// https://firebase.google.com/docs/cloud-messaging/js/first-
message#send_a_notification_message
// https://www.w3schools.in/php/examples/send-push-notification-using-fcm

//grab information from HTML
$title = $_POST['title'];
$message = $_POST['message'];
//$title = $_GET['title'];
//$message = $_GET['message'];

// Get the server key from the Firebase Console -> Project Settings -> CLOUD
MESSAGING -> Server key
// https://console.firebase.google.com/u/0/project/iotnotification-
c6ffe/settings/cloudmessaging/android:com.mygadgets2.iotalarm

// My server key for MyFirstFirebase project on Firebase
$server_key =
"AAAAq05Z8aY:APA91bFb5XRAYaNAUG0RpsY18nrosAPozWuluTnv0MypTcu8_4uW0DsTES-
pzmdNkrqAn4lhxDrc6P4K7n8bg22L1iPX3zCMmAZKyT3Cr724DgX4VHTKZmPrKc6_mABe19L4KTvqsJ3m";

// Do not need to use tokens anymore 2023/03/05
// Using subscription to topics instead// unique token for mobile device
// change this for the mobile device you want to send message to
// get this from running the app on the mobile device

$token =
"fN3K_hjoTmC4CschbTo4ja:APA91bE7e_U_ykLI28CcdgaJuFdzeBdkpB5TytVrR5Atzzp2AjoVvU8p5paU
behebDdtqHdnM3ougFiw9yA8cIQyEgyoNNBfb5uEGqcp0YrtsiRMvDxt-8Gq-VitCt26JMLNld4F4vh";

sendPushNotification($title, $message, $token, $server_key);

////////////////////////////////////
function sendPushNotification($title, $message, $token, $server_key) {

    echo "Sending\r\n<br>";
    echo " Title      = ".$title . "\r\n<br>";
    echo " Message     = ".$message . "\r\n<br>";
    echo " Token        = ".$token . "\r\n<br>";
    echo " Server key   = ".$server_key . "\r\n<br>";
```

```

//Firebase HTTP API URL
$path_to_fcm = 'https://fcm.googleapis.com/fcm/send';

$fields = array(
    // 'to' => $token, // send to one device with this token id
    'to' => '/topics/alarms', // send to all subscribed to the topic "alarms"
    // 'notification' => array ('title'=>$title,'body'=>$message), // for
sending notification payload
    'data' => array('title' => $title, 'body' => $message), // for
sending data payload
    'android_channel_id' => 'Alarm default channel', // need to match in
pushNotification method in MyFirebaseMessagingService.java file
    'priority' => 'high'
);

$headers = array(
    'Authorization:key=' . $server_key,
    'Content-Type:application/json'
);

$payload = json_encode($fields);
$curl_session = curl_init();
// need to install php-curl package if you do not see the following echo message
echo "after curl init\r\n<br>";
curl_setopt($curl_session, CURLOPT_URL, $path_to_fcm);
curl_setopt($curl_session, CURLOPT_POST, true);
curl_setopt($curl_session, CURLOPT_HTTPHEADER, $headers);
curl_setopt($curl_session, CURLOPT_RETURNTRANSFER, true);
curl_setopt($curl_session, CURLOPT_SSL_VERIFYHOST, 0);
curl_setopt($curl_session, CURLOPT_SSL_VERIFYPEER, false);
curl_setopt($curl_session, CURLOPT_IPRESOLVE, CURL_IPRESOLVE_V4);
curl_setopt($curl_session, CURLOPT_POSTFIELDS, $payload);

$result = curl_exec($curl_session);
if ($result == FALSE) {
    die('FCM Send Error: ' . curl_error($curl_session));
}
curl_close($curl_session);
echo "\r\n<br> curl send successful \r\n<br>";
} // end of function

?>

```

43) MainActivity.java

```

package com.example.myfirstfirebaseapp;

import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;

import android.content.SharedPreferences;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.widget.TextView;

public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    private String token, timeStamp, title, body;
    TextView token_tv, timeStamp_tv, title_tv, body_tv;
}

```

```

@Override
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
    FirebaseMessaging.getInstance().subscribeToTopic("alarms"); //
    subscribe to topic "alarms"
}

@Override
protected void onResume() {
    super.onResume();
    token_tv = findViewById(R.id.token);
    timeStamp_tv = findViewById(R.id.timeStamp);
    title_tv = findViewById(R.id.title);
    body_tv = findViewById(R.id.body);
    retrieveData();
    token_tv.setText(token);
    timeStamp_tv.setText(timeStamp);
    title_tv.setText(title);
    body_tv.setText(body);
}

// retrieve data from Shared Preferences
private void retrieveData() {
    // read from shared preferences
    SharedPreferences sharedPreferences =
getSharedPreferences("MySharedPref", MODE_PRIVATE);
    // token = getSharedPreferences("MyData",
MODE_PRIVATE).getString("token", "empty");
    token = sharedPreferences.getString("token", "empty");
    timeStamp = sharedPreferences.getString("timeStamp", "");
    title = sharedPreferences.getString("title", "");
    body = sharedPreferences.getString("body", "");
}
}

```

44) MyFirebaseMessagingService.java

```

package com.example.myfirstfirebaseapp;

import android.app.NotificationChannel;
import android.app.NotificationManager;
import android.app.PendingIntent;
import android.content.Context;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.content.SharedPreferences;
import android.media.RingtoneManager;
import android.net.Uri;
import android.os.Build;
import android.util.Log;
import androidx.annotation.NonNull;
import androidx.core.app.NotificationCompat;

import com.google.firebase.messaging.FirebaseMessagingService;
import com.google.firebase.messaging.RemoteMessage;

```

```

import java.text.SimpleDateFormat;
import java.util.Date;

public class MyFirebaseMessagingService extends FirebaseMessagingService {

    // this method is called when a new FCM registration token is generated
    // a new token is generated when the app is first installed
    // this unique token is needed in the push_notification.php code to send
    // push notifications to the app

    @Override
    public void onNewToken(@NonNull String token) {
        Log.d("MyTag", "New token: "+token);
        getSharedPreferences("MyData",
MODE_PRIVATE).edit().putString("token", token).apply(); // optional save
token to shared preferences
        sendRegistrationTokenToServer(token); // optional save token on
your app server
    }

    // There are two types of messages, data messages and notification
messages.
    // For Data messages (using the key 'data' in the payload) this
onMessageReceived method is called whether the app is in the foreground or
background.
    // For Notification messages (using the key 'notification' in the
payload) this onMessageReceived method is called
    // only when the app is in the foreground. When the app is in the
background an automatically generated notification is displayed.
    // Messages containing both notification and data payloads are treated as
notification messages.
    // When the user taps on the notification they are returned to the app.
    // The Firebase console always sends notification messages.
    // For more see: https://firebase.google.com/docs/cloud-
messaging/concept-options

    @Override
    public void onMessageReceived(@NonNull RemoteMessage remoteMessage) {
        String title = "", body = "";

        // check if message contains a data payload
        if (remoteMessage.getData().size() > 0) {
            title = remoteMessage.getData().get("title");
            body = remoteMessage.getData().get("body");
            Log.d("MyTag", " Data payload: Title: " + title + " Body: " +
body);
            showNotification(title, body);
        }

        // check if message contains a notification payload
        if (remoteMessage.getNotification() != null) {
            title = remoteMessage.getNotification().getTitle();
            body = remoteMessage.getNotification().getBody();
            Log.d("MyTag", " Notification payload: Title: "+ title+" Body: "
+body);

```

```

        showNotification(title, body);
    }

    String timeStamp = new SimpleDateFormat("HH:mm:ss a EEE MM-dd-
YYYY").format(new Date()); // get timestamp
    timeStamp = timeStamp.replace("AM", "am").replace("PM", "pm"); //
change to lower case

    // optional save message to shared preferences
    SharedPreferences sharedPreferences =
getSharedPreferences("MySharedPref", MODE_PRIVATE);
    SharedPreferences.Editor editor = sharedPreferences.edit();
    editor.putString("timeStamp", timeStamp);
    editor.putString("title", title);
    editor.putString("body", body);
    editor.apply();
}

// create and show push notification on device
private void showNotification(String messageTitle, String messageBody) {
    Intent intent = new Intent(this, MainActivity.class);
    intent.addFlags(Intent.FLAG_ACTIVITY_CLEAR_TOP);
    PendingIntent pendingIntent = PendingIntent.getActivity(this, 0,
intent, PendingIntent.FLAG_IMMUTABLE);

    String channelId = "my_notification_id";
    Uri defaultSoundUri =
RingtoneManager.getDefaultUri(RingtoneManager.TYPE_NOTIFICATION);
    NotificationCompat.Builder notificationBuilder = new
NotificationCompat.Builder(this, channelId)
        .setSmallIcon(R.drawable.notification_ic)
        .setContentTitle(messageTitle)
        .setContentText(messageBody)
        .setAutoCancel(true)
        .setSound(defaultSoundUri)
        .setColor(1234)
        .setContentIntent(pendingIntent);

    NotificationManager notificationManager =
(NotificationManager)
getSystemService(Context.NOTIFICATION_SERVICE);

    if (Build.VERSION.SDK_INT >= Build.VERSION_CODES.O) {
        // need to match the channelId in the push_notification.php $field
payload
        NotificationChannel channel = new NotificationChannel(channelId,
"Alarm default channel", NotificationManager.IMPORTANCE_DEFAULT);
        notificationManager.createNotificationChannel(channel);
    }

    notificationManager.notify(0, notificationBuilder.build());
}

// optional send the FCM registration token to your app server
// to manage this apps tokens on the server side
// the push_notification.php code can then get the token from the MySQL
database

```

```

    private void sendRegistrationTokenToServer(String token) {
        // the Firebase token format is
        //
        fN3K_hjoTmC4CschbTo4ja:APA91bH11lpDscrpTZgR_m3leoDhJmKxqZmSAuOqr5EZyFnE6pBtXJ
        1PcCDHUVmncwXxYaVLoprNMF8oJKykJTD1VbD4Egq59kNN0c_SRf4wgjJj7517hytC117QuoyZ970
        wGsW61yoD
        // the first part up to the : is the unique device ID that does not
        // change for the device
        // the second part after the : is the token that changes after each
        // new install of app
        String[] data = {"deviceID", "token"};
        data[0] = token.substring(0, token.indexOf(":"));
        data[1] = token.substring(token.indexOf(":")+1);
        new UploadToken().execute(data);    // send token to server
    }
}

```

45) UploadToken.java

Optional. This is only needed for saving the Firebase token to a mySQL database in my server.

```

// Executes the PHP script at the given URL
//
http://hwang.lasierra.edu/~enoch/CPTG%20384%20Mobile%20App/Push%20Notificatio
n/save_token.php
// Uses POST to send the FCM registration token to the save_token.php script
// which saves the token to the mySQL database FirebaseTokensDB in the Tokens
table

package com.example.myfirstfirebaseapp;

import android.os.AsyncTask;
import android.util.Log;

import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.InputStreamReader;
import java.net.HttpURLConnection;
import java.net.MalformedURLException;
import java.net.URL;

public class UploadToken extends AsyncTask<String, Void, Boolean> {

    public UploadToken() {
    }

    // execute PHP script
    @Override
    protected Boolean doInBackground(String... data) {
        String deviceID = data[0];
        String token = data[1];

        String myPostData = "deviceID=" + deviceID+ "&token=" + token;
        try {
            URL url = new
            URL("http://hwang.lasierra.edu/~enoch/CPTG%20384%20Mobile%20App/Push%20Notifi

```

```

cation/save_token.php");
    HttpURLConnection connection = (HttpURLConnection)
url.openConnection();
    // send POST data to PHP script
    connection.setRequestMethod("POST");
    connection.getOutputStream().write(myPostData.getBytes());
    // get response from PHP script
    if (connection.getResponseCode() == HttpURLConnection.HTTP_OK) {
        Log.d("MyTag", "Connection ok");
        String line;
        StringBuilder builder = new StringBuilder();
        BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(connection.getInputStream()));
        while ((line = reader.readLine()) != null) {
            builder.append(line);
        }
        Log.d("MyTag", "PHP response: "+builder.toString());
    } else {
        Log.d("MyTag", "HTTP return code:
"+connection.getResponseCode());
    }
    return true;
} catch (MalformedURLException e) {
    Log.d("MyTag", "Malformed URL exception: "+e);
} catch (IOException e) {
    Log.d("MyTag", "IO exception: "+e);
}
return false;
}
}

```